# Quality Education Fund Thematic Network — Tertiary Institutes (QTN-T) 2022-23

# Enhancing Assessment Literacy of Teachers in Primary/Secondary Schools Dissemination Seminar

9:30 am to 12:30 pm

30 June 2023 (Friday)





#### Programme

- Project Overview
- II. Key principles underlying the Project
  - Learning-Teaching-Assessment Cycle
  - II. Different types of assessment: AfL & AaL
- III. Sharing of teachers from the project schools (with Q & A)
- IV. Concluding Remarks: Potential impacts of the project (with Q and A)

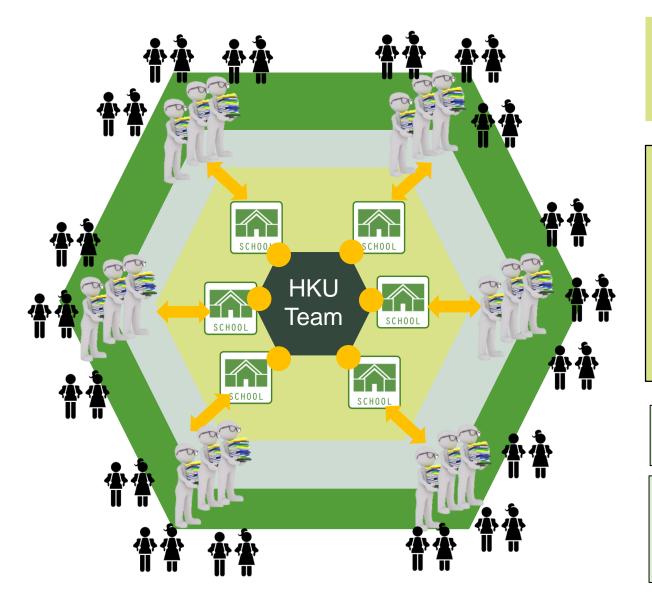
## (I) Overview of the Project

### Foci of support

► To enhance assessment literacy of teachers through whole-school curriculum planning in respect of the English language subject

► To promote assessment as learning to enable students to evaluate their own learning and make adjustments

► To support schools to sustain the good practices in enhancing the assessment literacy of teachers



9 schools (4 Primary + 5 Secondary)

Receive intensive support through professional development workshops, collaborative material development and lesson planning, and lesson study from HKU Team

Other Ts & Ss

Will benefit through dissemination seminars & designed materials

#### Project implementation

Stage 1
Needs
analysis;
30-hour
intensive
professional
development;
small-scale
try-out

Sep – Dec 2022

Stage 2

Development of and trial of LTA package

Jan – June 2023

Stage 3

Evaluation of packages

June – July 2023

Stage 4

Dissemination (Public seminar & workshop)

July – August 2023

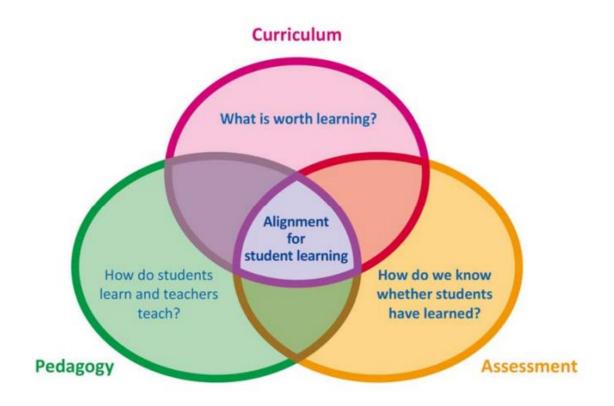
#### 4 aspects of Project Delivery:

- Professional development workshops and knowledge exchange sessions
- On-site support to teachers and schools: Collaborative planning meeting & lesson observations
- Dissemination seminars and workshops for other teachers
- Project USB with 6 learning and teaching packages from the project schools

(II) Key principles underlying the Project

#### 1. Learning-Teaching-Assessment (LTA) Cycle

#### Why does assessment matter?



https://www.edb.gov.hk/attachment/en/curriculum-development/renewal/Guides/SECG%20booklet%204\_en\_20180831.pdf

#### 1. Learning-Teaching-Assessment (LTA) Cycle

Identify the learning and teaching needs

Evaluate the learning, teaching and assessment cycle

Plan and design LTA materials (package)

Assess students' learning

Implement the LTA materials

Enhancing teachers' assessment literacy through experiencing the LTA cycle

#### 2. Different Types of Assessment

Summative Assessment

Assessment

OF

Learning

對學習的評估

Formative Assessment

Assessment

**FOR** 

Learning

評估中學習/促進學習的評估

Self Assessment

Assessment

AS

Learning

作為學習的評估

#### 2. Different Types of Assessment

## Assessment OF Learning

- By teacher
- to determine student's level of achievement of overall expectations at a given point in time
- •As evidence to support professional judgment

## Assessment FOR Learning

- By teacher
- to determine what to do next instructionally (strategies, differentiation)
- To provide descriptive feedback to students (what they are doing well, what needs improvement and how to improve)

#### Assessment AS Learning

- By students
- to determine what to do next (e.g. strategies, focus)
- To provide descriptive feedback to peers and self
- Goal is to become reflective, self-monitoring learner

To help learners to take charge of their learning (i.e. learning how to learn)

#### 2(i) Assessment FOR Learning

▶ Providing feedback for students' continuous learning (e.g. during classroom interaction, to lesson tasks/homework)

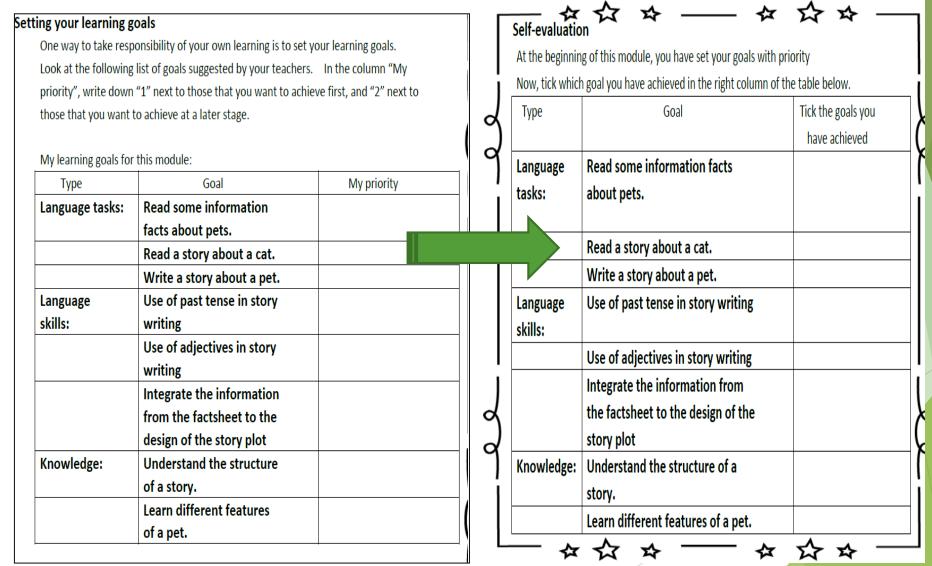
► Making use of assessment data to inform teaching & learning (e.g. further instruction, consolidation; setting objectives for next LTA cycle)

### 2 (ii) Assessment AS Learning

- Students have to:
  - develop their own learning goals
  - decide which strategies to use to achieve their goals
  - monitor their learning goals over time (using reflective and metacognitive thinking, and selfassessment tools)
  - evaluate their achievements.

#### **Examples of AaL strategies**

#### 1. Setting and tracking own learning goals



#### **Examples of AaL strategies**

#### 2. Self & peer assessment

	Self-assessment Peer-assessme			nent		
	Brilliant!	Okay!	Can do	Brilliant!	Okay!	Can do
		,	better!			better!
Content & Layout						
Day and Date	<del></del>	<u></u>	••	3)	<u></u>	••
Weather	<del></del>	2	•	<b>3</b> )	2	<u></u>
Body Paragraphs Describes events in the order that they happened	•	<b>(1)</b>	•	3)	<u>:</u> )	•
<b>Details</b> Gives details of the events	<b>©</b>		••	3)	<u></u>	•
Feelings Quotations from witnesses	9	<u></u>	•	<b>3</b> )	<u></u>	<u>•</u>
Grammar			•		•	
Writing in the first person (e.g. I, me, we, us)	9	<u></u>	•	<del></del>	<u></u>	•
Past tense	<del></del>	<u></u>	•	•	<u></u>	•
Connectives (e.g. and, because, so)	<del></del>	<u></u>	•	•	<u></u>	•
Spelling and <u>capitalisation</u>	<del></del>	<u></u>	•	<del></del>	<u></u>	•

#### A STAR AND A WISH

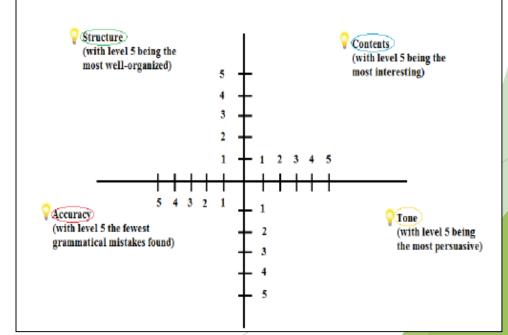
$\stackrel{\wedge}{\sim}$	One thing I really like about your diary:
本	One thing that you can do better:

#### Task 1 Self-evaluation on your writing

a. Put a tick next to the statement(s) that can truly reflect your situation.

I can write an effective title.
I got enough contents and my article is very informative.
I used passive voice correctly in suitable contexts.
I made a good choice in the use of tenses.
I included effective connectives in my article.
I am confident that my article is interesting.
I wrote an interesting conclusion

b. Grade your work in different aspects.



Developed by HKU team@2023. All rights reserved.

#### Continuous self-assessment

Answer these questions to (Tick the appropriate box	pefore starting the le	arning of the unit re than 1.)	
1. What will I learn in this unit?	a) adjectives describing restaurants	b) adjectives describing people	c) adjectives describing food
2. What will I read about in this unit?	□ a) a play script	□ b) food menus	☐ c) email
3. What do I need to write about at the end of the unit?	□ a) a play script	☑ b) food rs	c) email
Checkpoint 2 Answer these questions aft (Tick the appropriate boxe	s, you can tick more	than 1.)	□ c) inferring
4. What reading skill(s) have I learned?	□ a)guessing     word meaning	b) referencing	word meaning
5. Which reading skill(s) can I master (use) the best?		□ b) referencing	
6. What else have I learned in the reading tasks?  (*Should have covered: text-type structure & features, vocabulary, language use, reading skills, values and attitudes, etc.  *Select the most important ones to be placed here, or to include all at different checkpoints)	ы a) the format of an email	□ b) how to comment on the food served in a restaurant	□ c) how to make comparison between different things
6. What can I apply (use) in the unit writing? eloped by HKU team@2023. All rights reser		□ b) how to comment on the food served in a	c) how to make comparison between different

Checkpoint 3 Answer these questions after (Tick the appropriate boxes)	er the writing task s, you can tick more	than 1.)	
9. To make comparison between different restaurants, <u>I have</u> talked about	a) the quality of the food served by different restaurants	of the waiters/ waitresses in the restaurants	environment of the restaurants
10. Next time, to give a more informative (rich and useful) comparison between the restaurants, I can do more such as	□ a) tell what the people say	b) talk about people's reactions and feelings	c) use connectives and adjectives to highlight the differences between the restaurants (e.g., similarly, like, but, however, same as, different from, etc.)
Checkpoint 4 Answer these questions a (Tick the appropriate box			
11. Next time, when I read a play script, I will pay attention to	a)	□ b)	
12. If I can write the email again, what area(s) can I do better to improve my writing?	□ a) pay more attention to the format and language use in an email	□ b) do systematic paragraphing (to talk about one main point in a paragraph, give examples to elaborate the idea)	□ c) learn and use more adjectives about personal feelings

#### **Examples of AaL strategies**

#### 3. (Task-specific) rubric & checklist

				Read your buddy's story. C appropriate boxes below.	heck if he/she completed	the following items. Put "✓" i	n the
	Could do better	Quite good	Very good	Criteria	Peer-checking Did! Didn't	Teacher's Feedback	Marks
Content	-included <b>only a few</b> basic facts about Kin-Ball	-included <b>some</b> basic facts about Kin-Ball	-included all basic facts about Kin-Ball	Content	Dia: S Dian to		
	E.g., (i) suitable place for playing the game	E.g., (i) suitable place for playing the game	E.g., (i) suitable place for playing the game	To add a clear setting (time			
	(ii) equipment needed	(ii) equipment needed	(ii) equipment needed	and place) and characters			
	(iii) preparation	(iii) preparation	(iii) preparation	To describe an animal's		-	
		(iv) rules of playing the game, including	features and actions				
	of players and duration of games,etc.	number of players and duration of games, etc.	number of players and duration of games,etc.	To show the brave/ witty side		-	/4
				of an animal			
	-talked about personal experience of playing	-talked about personal experience of playing	-talked about personal experience of playing	To end the story logically		-	
	Kin-Ball covering <b>only a few</b> of:	Kin-Ball in <b>some</b> details covering:	Kin-Ball in <b>great</b> details clearly covering:				
	(i) what happened (i.e. 5W1H)		(i) reshot homomod (i.e. 5W/III)	Language		I	
	(ii) personal feelings	(ii) personal feelings	(ii) personal feelings	To add sound effects (eg. meow, woof, ouch, crash)			
_						-	
Language	-used simple present tense to talk about facts of	-used simple present tense to talk about facts	-used simple present tense to talk about facts of	To use different action words			
	the game with a lot of mistakes of the game with some mistakes	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(eg. rush, dash, bark)		1	14	
	-used simple past tense to talk about past events	-used simple past tense to talk about past		To use the past tense (eg. ran,			/4
	with a lot of mistakes	events with some mistakes	correctly	leap <b>ed</b> ) To add some adverbs of		-	
\			•	manner (eg. slowly, bravely)			
	-used only a few adjectives to talk about personal		-used a wide range of adjectives to talk about	Organization			
	feelings	feelings	personal feelings	. 0	<del>                                     </del>	<u> </u>	1
	-used 'can' and 'could' to talk about abilities	-used 'can' and 'could' to talk about abilities	-used 'can' and 'could' to talk about abilities	To have five parts: beginning,			12
	with a lot of mistakes	with some mistakes	correctly	rising action, climax, falling action and ending			/3
Organisation	-personal experience shared <b>not clearly</b>	-personal experience shared <b>not so clearly</b> ;	-personal experience shared in chronological	To elaborate your ideas with		-	
01 <b>g</b>	presented	some necessary information was missing	order clearly with <b>all</b> necessary details	creativity and imagination			
				Features	·		
-ideas presented in a rather messy way; no				To give a title	Π		
			-ideas presented <b>clearly and systematically</b> in paragraphs; easy to comprehend			_	/1
		although it is sometimes not easy to follow the ideas		To add dialogues			/-
		Ideas		My Buddy's Signature:	'	Total:	: /12
				<u> </u>			<u> </u>

#### Examples of AaL strategies

#### 4. Reflection on strategy use

Self-evaluating questions	Answers
	Tick the appropriate boxes. You can tick
	more than one.
<ol> <li>Which reading strategy did you</li> </ol>	A. Looking for Synonyms
employ most in the above	☐ B. Forward/backward referencing
exercise?	☐ C. Looking for Connectives
2. Which reading strategy do you	☐ A. Looking for Synonyms
find most effective?	☐ B. Forward/backward referencing
	☐ C. Looking for Connectives
3. Which reading strategy will you	$\square$ A. Looking for Synonyms
use again?	<ul><li>□ B. Forward/backward referencing</li><li>□ C. Looking for Connectives</li></ul>

More illustration & examples in teachers' sharing

## (III) Sharing from project school teachers

#### Project School Teachers from:

- ► Tsang Pik Shan (Sung Lan) Secondary School
- The Church of Christ in China Kei Wan Primary School

## Concluding Remarks: Potential impacts of the project (with Q and A)

#### Potential impact of the Project

#### School

- Review of curriculum & assessment practices
- School-based curriculum development
- Team building & teacher collaboration

#### Potential impact of the Project

#### Teachers

- ► Enhanced assessment literacy, as manifested through:
- →aligning assessment with teaching and learning
- →adopting different assessment practices
- →making assessment criteria accessible to students
- →analysing & reporting results to inform teaching & learning
- Professional sharing by teachers from other schools

#### Potential impact of the Project

#### **Students**

- Increased motivation & active engagement in English learning
- Achievement of the target reading and writing objectives
- Use of assessment to improve learning

## Project website with sample learning and teaching packages



https://www.instep.edu.hku.hk/qtn-eng

QUALITY EDUCATION FUND
THEMATIC NETWORK -TERTIARY INSTITUTES (QTN-T)
2022-2023
"ENHANCING ASSESSMENT LITERACY OF TEACHERS IN
PRIMARY/SECONDARY SCHOOLS"

#### Public seminar

## Nurturing students' ownership of assessment

30<sup>th</sup> June 2023

By project school

Tsang Pik Shan (Sung Lan) Secondary School

#### Our Team

**TEAM** 

**Janice Tse** 

**Harvey Tso** Venus Ser

**Alison Choy** 

#### Rundown

- Objectives/Expectations of joining the project in our school
- Implementation of the project
- Package design
  - An overview of the package design
  - Learning tasks, Assessment tasks/ strategies related to AaL/AfL
  - Other learning/ assessment tasks in different stages
  - Overall evaluation on the package design
- Impacts and reflections on joining this project
- Way Forward

#### Objectives/expectations of joining the project in our school

#### **OBJECTIVES and EXPECTATIONS**

01

Developing and polishing materials that incorporate different assessment strategies

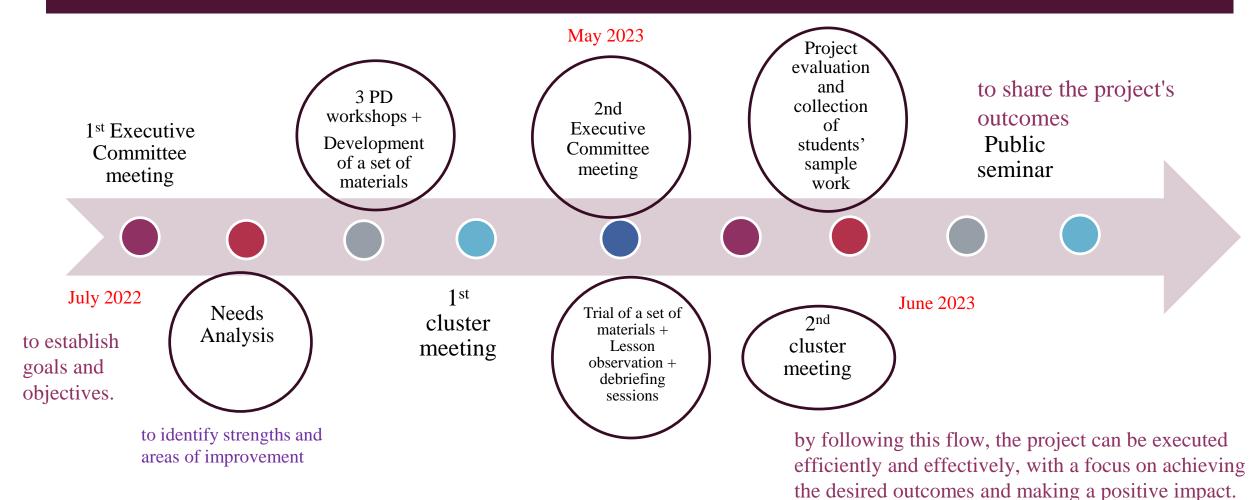
02

Exploring more types of assessment tools

03

Designing and implementing materials to cater for learner diversity

## Implementation of the project



Secondary 4
English Language
Travelling

rown Internationa
TRAVEL

Name:

किक्किक्किक

### An overview of the package design

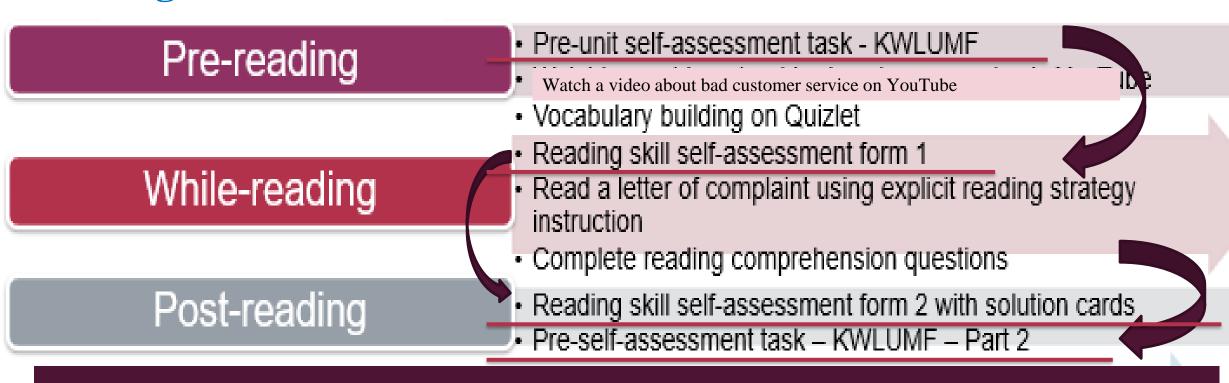
#### Brief introduction of the package design

Level:	Form 4, CMI school, linguistically weak students			
Topic:	Unit 2- Travel with Care			
The text type (genre) of the package:	Letter of Complaint	Contributors: Tsang Pik Shan (Sung Lan) Secondary School and The University of Hong Kong		
Target reading strategies:	●Referencing ●Identifying writers' attitudes and st ●Inferencing ● Words in Context	rated views in texts		
Key learning items:	<ul> <li>Simple past tense, present perfect</li> <li>Reported speech</li> <li>Time connectives</li> <li>Persuasive language (e.g. emotive words)</li> <li>Vocab + sentence patterns used in a letter of comp</li> </ul>	olaint		
Key assessment strategies:	•Assessment for learning (e.g. peer feedback ) •Assessment as learning (e.g. pre-unit self-assessm	ent task - KWLUMF)		

Learning stage	Tasks
Pre-reading	<ul> <li>Pre-unit self-assessment task - KWLUMF</li> <li>Watch a video about bad customer service on YouTube</li> <li>Vocabulary-building on Quizlet</li> <li>Reading skill self-assessment</li> </ul>
While-reading	<ul> <li>Read a letter of complaint using explicit reading strategy instruction</li> <li>Complete reading comprehension questions</li> </ul>
Post-reading	<ul> <li>Reading skill self-assessment with solution cards</li> <li>Pre-self-assessment task – KWLUMF – Part 2</li> </ul>
Pre-writing	<ul> <li>Watch a video and brainstorm ideas using a graphic organiser</li> <li>Text analysis of letter of complaint + detailed analysis on some paragraphs</li> <li>Teach vocabulary, key grammar items and sentence patterns about a letter of complaint</li> <li>Help students understand success criteria</li> </ul>
While-writing	<ul><li>Paragraph writing</li><li>Individual writing</li></ul>
Post-writing	<ul> <li>Task-specific rubrics cum self, peer and teacher feedback forms</li> <li>Language support for peer review</li> </ul>

Learning tasks and assessment strategies related to Assessment as Learning (AaL) and Assessment for Learning (AfL) Assessment as Learning strategies used in **Reading** 

→ nurture our students' sense of ownership over assessment through KWLUMF and other AaL tasks.



#### Learning tasks and assessment tasks/ strategies related to AaL Pre-unit self-assessment

Pre-unit self-assessment

This enables students to explore what they know and what they want to know about the topic – travel complaints. By using this table, students can activate their own prior knowledge and set goals for what they want to know.

Pre-unit self-assessment task - KWLUMF

How much can you tell about travel complaints?



	ding a letter iplaint	During reading	Writing a letter of complaint		plaint
What we think we KNOW	What we WANT to learn	What we LEARNED	How we will  ►USE what we learned	What MORE we need to learn	How we will FIND out the information
- we should include time, place, people - angry disappointed not professional	-how to write a letter of complaint  -what to include in a complaint  -words to describe experience	structure of a letter of complaint of complaint in formal manner adjectives to describe feeling - how to request a refund	-Past tense for past events - express our feelings	-how to elaborate on the lad experience  -more words to convey feelings	ė -ask my English teache

#### Pre-unit self-assessment task - KWLUMF

experience

How much can you tell about travel complaints?



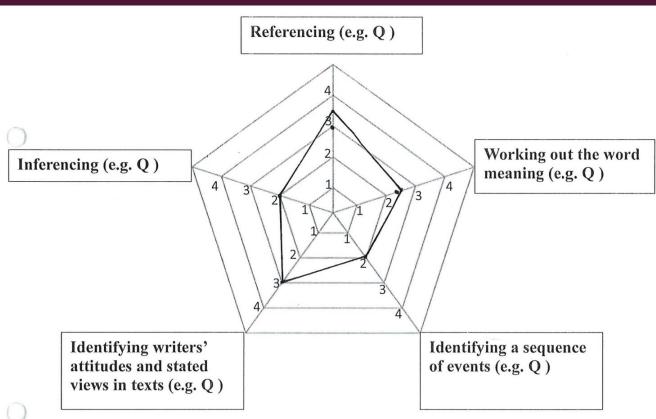
	ding a letter aplaint	During reading	Writing a letter of complaint		nplaint
What we think we KNOW	What we WANT to learn	What we LEARNED	How we will  ■USE what we  learned	What MORE  we need to learn	How we will FIND out the information
- we should include time, place, people	-how to write a letter of complaint	complaint	-Post tense for past events - express our	-how to elaborate on the bad experience	e -ask my English teach
- angry disappointed not professional	-what to include in a complaint -words to describe	-how to make complaint in formal manner -adjectives to describe	feelings	-more words to convey feetings	chart t follow- Studen by plan

This part is the extension of the basic KWL chart to incorporate more metacognition, and follow-through towards continuous learning. Students take more active role in their learning by planning how to apply what they have learnt to a writing task and acquire new knowledge to help them complete the writing task.

# Learning task and assessment strategies related to Assessment as Learning

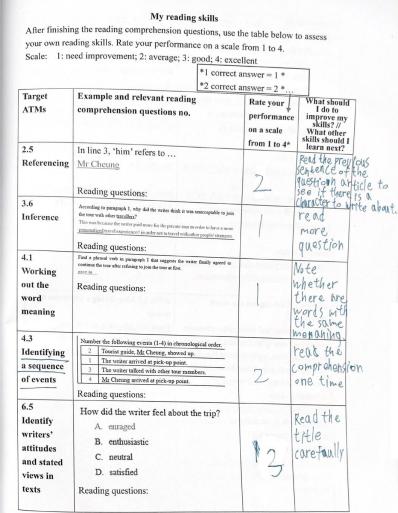
(AaL) – Reading skills

Using a spider web as pre-assessment

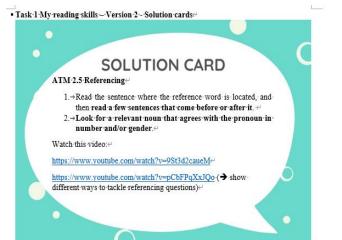


- 1 Need improvement
- 2 Average
- 3 Good
- 4 Excellent

# Learning task and assessment strategies related to Assessment as Learning (AaL) – Reading skills



Using a reading skill self-assessment form with solution cards as post-assessment





Students are given the opportunity to assess their reading skills by comparing their pre- and post-assessment data, allowing them to identify their strengths and weaknesses. Solution cards are provided to help remedial students improve their reading skills and stretch their abilities further.

Strengthening students' roles

→ Self-evaluation

# AaL and AfL strategies used in Writing

→ nurture our students to be active and critical assessors using task-specific rubrics cum self and peer feedback form

# Pre-writing

- Watch a video and brainstorm ideas using a graphic organiser
- Text analysis of letter of complaint + detailed analysis on some paragraphs
- Teach vocabulary, key grammar items and sentence patterns about a letter of complaint
- Help students understand success criteria

# While-writing

- Paragraph writing
- Individual writing

# Post-writing

- Task-specific rubrics cum self, peer and teacher feedback forms
- Language support for peer review

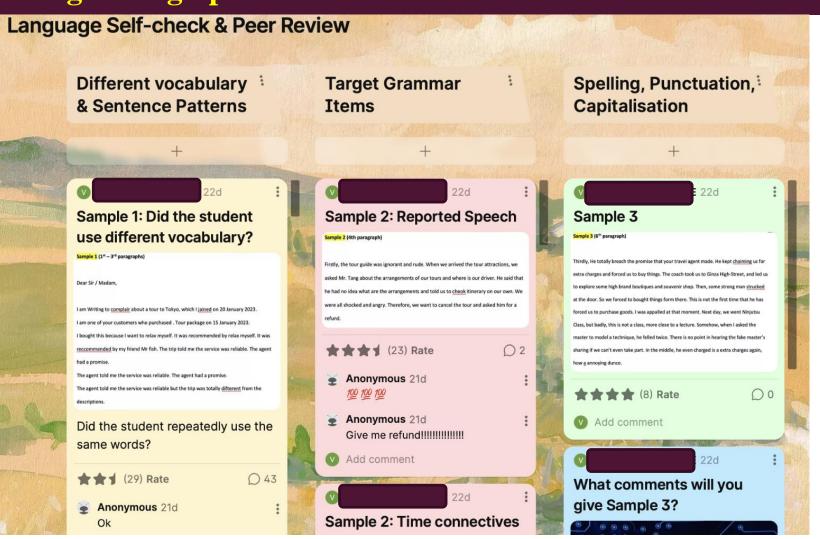
# Learning tasks and assessment tasks/ strategies related to AfL Writing

 Understand how to give peer feedback using Padlet through teacher's demonstration

# Feedback from peers (Writing)

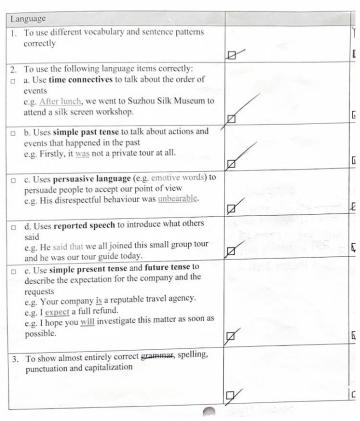
### Promote collaborative learning through peer assessment

- You can use other sentences patterns for example Images my...
- Anonymous 20d
  You can make your sentences more precise 15
- Anonymous 20d
  You can use some conjunction 17
- Anonymous 20d
  You can use more vocabulary .14
- Anonymous 20d
  19: you repeat many time the same word like "the agent "
- Anonymous 20d
  You can go to Google Translate and get some good word.23



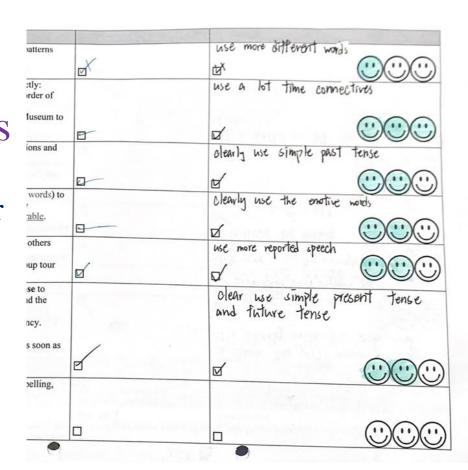
# Learning tasks and assessment tasks/ strategies related to AaL & AfL

Post-writing stage: Writing Rubrics and feedback sheet Objective: students learn from peer and teacher's feedback



Making assessment criteria specific and accessible to students

- → This helps students better understand their writing performance and selfevaluate themselves.
- → With peer and teachers' constructive feedback, students know how to make improvement.



### **Task-specific Rubrics - Peer Evaluation**

rask-specific rubrics cum self-check and peer feedback

Tick the boxes to show the target goals for this writing. Read your and your friend's letter of complaint. Check if you have completed the following items.

Su	ccess criteria	Self-check	Peer review
	ntent	tick if you did that; underline and label it in your writing, e.g. C1, L1, O1	<ul> <li>tick if your friend did that and give comments mention the line no if your friend did that</li> <li>rate your friend's work on a scale of 1 to 3 smiley faces. Colour the smiley faces in each area to indicate how well you think they've done.</li> <li>1: need improvements; 2: fair; 3: good</li> </ul>
1.	To give reasons of writing and describe the complaint including what, where and when  e.g. I am writing to complain about a private cultural day tour to the towns of Suzhou and Zhouzhuang, which I joined on 14th February 2023.	ď	I think this part worked well because it's detailed.
2.	a. To describe complaint 1 with examples and reasons	I think this part worked I well because it use	Line no.: 3. 7.8.9  A ot of Sentence Pattern  Vine no.: 1923
	b. To describe complaint 2 with examples and reasons	I think this part worked well because you give	Whine no.: 26 -3.0
	c. To describe complaint 3 with examples and reasons	You should try to give other feeling	7
3.	To show expectation for the company  e.g. Your company is a <u>reputable</u> travel agency and you pride yourself on providing excellent service to customers.		I think this part worked well because you give a great expectation.  Think this part worked well because you give a great expectation.
4.	To show disappointment an ask for improvement and/or compensation  e.g. What I experienced on the tour, however, was far from what I was promised.		I think this part worked well because you expectation and Farefund, but, I
	e.g. I hope that your travel agency will take this case seriously and investigate this matter as soon as possible. I also insist that you give me a refund to compensate for this terrible trip.		think you can show more about four feeling.  Dine no.: 46

### **Task-specific Rubrics - Peer Evaluation**

La	nguage		
1.	To use different vocabulary and sentence patterns correctly		You souse many sentence patterns like because I was
2.	To use the following language items correctly: a. Use <b>time connectives</b> to talk about the order of events e.g. <u>After lunch</u> , we went to Suzhou Silk Museum to attend a silk screen workshop.		You use many time connectives , eg Firstly Secondly and last.
	b. Uses <b>simple past tense</b> to talk about actions and events that happened in the past e.g. Firstly, it <u>was</u> not a private tour at all.		the tour guide was Vou use a lot emotive words
	c. Uses <b>persuasive language</b> (e.g. emotive words) to persuade people to accept our point of view e.g. His disrespectful behaviour was <u>unbearable</u> .	p/	eg angry
0	d. Uses reported speech to introduce what others said e.g. He said that we all joined this small group tour and he was our tour guide today.		in Paragraph 4.5.6 but, your topoted speech
	e. Use simple present tense and future tense to describe the expectation for the company and the requests e.g. Your company is a reputable travel agency. e.g. I expect a full refund. e.g. I hope you will investigate this matter as soon as possible.		You use simple present tense and future tense, For example I hope you will
3.	To show almost entirely correct grammar, spelling, punctuation and capitalization		You not have any wrong spelling.

Task-

### **Task-specific Rubrics - Peer Evaluation**

90		
Organisation		
1. To include an opening and a closing		You write a good opening and closing
01		and Closing O
<ol><li>To include clear topic sentences with supporting details</li></ol>		You use many top sentences
4th-6th	9	
Coherent links within / between paragraphs and effective use of connective (e.g. in addition and time connectives)		You use many word like secondly
Bonus		
1. To use $1/2/3/4\sqrt{5/6}$ target sentence patterns correctly		You use many target sentence
	9	a target sentence
Signature		
	_	

Other learning/ assessment tasks in different stages

# Other learning/ assessment tasks in different stages

Pre-reading stage: Quizlet

Objective: Learn vocabulary related to travelling

 Task 2: Self-study and self-assessment on Ouizlet ← Vocabulary about a letter of complaint

a private tour ←	travel-agent←	tour∙guide	← / activity	
admission tickets←	guaranteed←	low-quality↩	- / activity	
unacceptable←	refund←	tourist∙attractions⊲	← ashcards	<b>C</b> Learn
breached←	unprofessional conduct←	apology←	<del>-</del>	
explanation←	discourtesyċ□	ignorance⊲	<del>-</del>	
execute←	couch potato ←	investigate ←	←	
compensate⊲	ill-mannered←	←	←	

**Self-reflection:** Student reflect on their learning process e.g. what they have learnt before

**Self-expectation:** 

students are expected to learn the key vocabulary

**Self-study:** Students learn the vocabulary through Quizlet

assic Live

1 list

ısur



Definition 4)

Correct

Incorrect

5

15

Your time: 1 min.

Be kind to yourself and keep practising! **Next steps** 15 missed terms Practise terms in Learn Practise your missed terms more you get them right Take a new test Take another test to boost your confidence.

Term ◁)

Actively engage students in the learning process

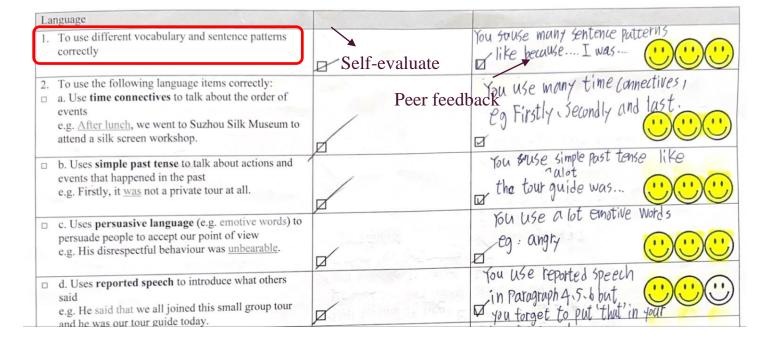
# Other learning/ assessment tasks in different stages Vocabulary Learning

Post-reading stage: Review on the vocabulary items Objective: Consolidation of key vocabulary learning

• Part B Vocabulary and phrases about travel complaints

Post-writing stage: Marking Scheme as Feedback Sheet Objective: Self-evaluate their performance + Peer assessment

1.→delays or cancellations of activities ← 2.→breached the agreed contract Feedback (during the § lesson): Feedback from a teacher Feedback from other students



Actively engage students in the learning process

# Other learning/ assessment tasks in different stages

arget reading strategies:	<ul><li>Referencing</li><li>Inferencing</li></ul>	<ul><li>Identi</li><li>Word</li></ul>	•	writers' attitudes and stated views in texts ontext
A. worried  B. positive  C. annoyed  D. excited  2. When the writer wrote "he simply asked us to explore the area withous around" (lines 41-42), at the time it is likely that the writer thinks the is (ATM 6.5)  A. timid  B. neglectful  C. professional  D scornful  3. What does the line" There is no point in signing the agreed contract travel agency does not execute it." (lines 63-64) suggest about writer' towards signing a contract?	tour guide	<ul> <li>₹</li> <li>2.</li> <li>3.</li> <li>₹</li> <li>4.</li> <li>₹</li> </ul>	A. lazy B. une	
	ų			Deading questions

at is the meaning of 'apathetic' (line 27)? azy 🖰 ıneasy← ıninterested**←** • To help students understand the target reading skills from explicit teaching Boost their confidence when dealing with certain question types by

Reading questions set by teachers

# Other learning/ assessment tasks in different stages Progressive development of reading skills

While-reading stage: Target reading strategies Objective: familiarise ss with DSE question types related to travelling

# Referencing

#### Steps to tackle the question

- 1. Read line 3 where the object pronoun 'him 'is located.
  - [1] Firstly, it was not a private tour at all. We arrived punctually at the pick-up point at 8:30am but our tourist guide. Mr Cheung, did not show up until 9:30am. When we were waiting for him, we noticed that there were two families waiting there. After having a conversation with the families, we realised that we joined the same tour and
  - 56 found it unacceptable. When Mr Cheung arrived, we all asked him about the
- 2. Read a few sentences that come before or after it. Look for a relevant noun that agrees with the pronoun in number and/or gender. Circle it.
- ▶ pronoun in number: him → singular pronoun → find a singular noun
- ▶ gender: him → a man → find a male name

- > explicit teaching
- > to familiarise them with DSE-related question types related to the theme of travel
- > to help them mentally prepare for the task at hand
- > for students to gain the necessary knowledge to write an effective letter of complaint
- > for students to gain the skills and confidence needed to successfully complete the task

#### Sample question

In line 3, 'him' refers to ...

#### Mr Cheung

while-reading

Other learning/ assessment tasks in different stages

Progressive development of reading skills

While-reading stage: Target reading strategies
Objective: familiarise ss with DSE question types related
to travelling

#### 2. Identifying a sequence of events

This tests readers on whether they can identify a sequence of events in a text.

To tackle this type of questions, you should <u>look for time</u> (e.g. at 8:30am), <u>adverbs of time</u> (e.g. last night, yesterday), <u>connectives of sequence</u> (e.g. before, after) <u>and preposition of time</u> (e.g. in, on, at).

e.g. After the principal and teachers were seated, my classmates whispered to me.

1st event 2nd event

You should always wash your hands before meals.

#### Steps to tackle the question

1. Read the question and underline the key words of each event.

Tourist guide, Mr Cheung, showed up.

The writer arrived at pick-up point.

The writer talked with other tour members.

Mr Cheung arrived at pick-up point.

2. Then, skim and scan the reading passage. Find and underline the key words there. Also, circle time, the adverbs of time, connectives of sequence and preposition of time.

[1] Firstly, it was not a private tour at all. We arrived punctually at the pick-up point at 8:30am but our tourist guide, Mr Cheung, did not show up until 9:30am When we were waiting for him, we noticed that there were two families waiting there. After having a conversation with the families, we realised that we joined the same tour and found it unacceptable. When Mr Cheung arrived, we all asked him about the arrangements of our tours and where our tour guides were. He said that we all joined this small group tour and he was our tour guide today. We were all shocked and angry.

3. Make good use of the sequencing words and key words to help you identify the sequence of events in text.

#### while-reading

Other learning/ assessment tasks in different stages

Progressive development of reading skills

While-reading stage: Target reading strategies
Objective: familiarise ss with DSE question types
related to travelling

#### 3. Inference

This tests readers on whether they can gather information and draw a conclusion from the clues found in the text.

\*\* Please note that the answers to this question are often not explicitly stated in the text.

Sometimes, you need to infer the information based on your personal experience and prior knowledge.

To tackle this type of questions, you need to look for clues in the passage that help support your guesses or conclusion you are trying to make.

#### Steps to tackle the question

tourist guide..)

 Read the question carefully to understand what information is needed and to see whether you need to read specific part(s)/ paragraph(s)/ the whole text. Circle the key word(s).

According to paragraph 1 why did the writer hink it was unacceptable to join the tour with other travellers?

2. Then, skim and scan paragraph 1. Find and underline the key words there. Pay attention to the sentences nearby the key words and summarise the event.
(The summary of the event is that the writer paid for a private tour but it turns out that the writer reluctantly joined a small group tour because there was only one

while-reading

Other learning/ assessment tasks in different stages Progressive development of reading skills

While-reading stage: Target reading strategies
Objective: familiarise ss with DSE question types
related to travelling

#### 5. Identify writers' attitudes and stated views in texts

This tests readers on whether they can identify writers' attitudes and stated views in a text.

To tackle this type of questions, you need to look for positive and negative language in the text. You also need to pay attention to the adjectives, adverbs and verbs that describe feeling together with punctuations which express emotions, for example, exclamation marks (!).

#### Steps to tackle the question

Read the question carefully to understand what information is needed and to see whether
you need to read specific part(s)/ paragraph(s)/ the whole text. Circle the key word(s).

### How did the writer feel about the trip

- Look at the options and identify whether they are positive (+) / negative (-) / neutral (n).
   Write down the symbol next to the options.
  - A. enraged (-)
  - B. enthusiastic (+)
  - C. neutral (n)
  - D. satisfied (+)
- Read the passage and look for positive and negative language in the text. Pay attention to
  the adjectives and words that describe feeling together with punctuations which express
  emotions, for example, exclamation marks (!). Circle the words.

# Other learning/ assessment tasks in different stages

### Demonstration of explicit teaching of reading skills

#### Steps to tackle the question

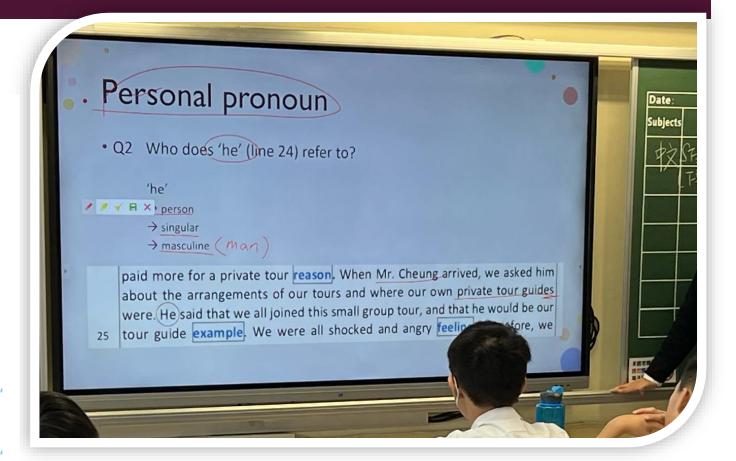
- 1. Read line 3 where the object pronoun 'him 'is located.
  - [1] Firstly, it was not a private tour at all. We arrived punctually at the pick-up point at 8:30am but our tourist guide, Mr Cheung, did not show up until 9:30am. When we were waiting for him, we noticed that there were two families waiting there. After having a conversation with the families, we realised that we joined the same tour and
  - 56 found it unacceptable. When Mr Cheung arrived, we all asked him about the
- 2. Read a few sentences that come before or after it. Look for a relevant noun that agrees with the pronoun in number and/or gender. Circle it.
- > pronoun in number: him→ singular pronoun → find a singular noun
- > gender: him → a man → find a male name

#### Sample question

In line 3, 'him' refers to ...

Mr Cheung

- Who does 'he' (line 38) refer to?
- What does 'this' (line 43) refer to?



ATM 2.5 follow ideas by understanding the use of pronouns

## Other learning/ assessment tasks in different stages

Pre-writing stage: Grammar Learning

plickers

Use **Plickers** to collect instant assessment data and feedback to inform teachers' instruction -



Sign up for free

Join millions of K-12 teachers in over 100 countries.

Or if you have an account, sign in now to view this pack



#### Task 2 Understanding the writing task - Version 2

You went on a trip to Japan. You found out that the Sunrise Japan Travel Agency made several mistakes with your trip arrangements. You are not happy with the holiday.

You are going to write a letter of complaint to the manager of the travel agency. Write at least 200 words. > it involves asking students to use

In your letter:

#### their creativity · Give details of what went wrong massive department stores, high brand · Say what action(s) you would like the manager to take boutiques, art galleries and restaurants · Request some compensation or refund. Here is the itinerary advertised on their website: ₽ 1:00pm Lunch in Ramen Ippudo GO TOKYO! ₽ 9:00 am Breakfast The popular Ippudo serves ti ₽ Tokyo's famous Tsukiji Fish Market pork broth Ran ne the world's biggest fish lovers around the from our colorful collection for everyone, including kids! market "Tsukiji Fish You are w Market" toppings to suit y Enjoy Japan's fine dining experience - Omakase nave a fresh, delicious breakfast in Tsukiji Fish Day 2 Breakfast included Market. You can get a satisfying sushi breakfast ₽ 10AM Ninjutsu Class at a reasonable price! - learn ninjutsu t neals unarmed combat made with market-fresh ingredients. There are a variety of eateries offering everything from seafood, such as sushi and sashimi rice bowls, for example, to -anyone can tak ramen and light meals. ability! without you having to make decisions. - learn how to re and how to defer Tsukiji is the place for sushi! the itinerary serves as a guide to \*Transportation fees and meals are included. involve a lot of provide language, vocabulary, and idea Learn more about sushi support to help them start their writing sushi-eating experience! E.g. Do you know the proper way to eat sushi? How about what kinds of sushi toppings are available? ₽ 2PM Tokyo Kimono Experience with Japanese Hairstyling ■ Lunch and Shopping! The pictures are removed due to copyright issue.

12PM Ginza High-Street

Shopping paradise: the most famous a explore its buzzing streets with Dress in a beautiful kimono in a historic textile town Take family pictures with your outfits in beautiful Kyoto city! Everything is included in the price (no gimmicks, no extra charge for any add on (e.g. hairdo, sandals, bag, etc.) One of the best ways to experience the unique culture of Japan is to wear a kimono! Grab the opportunity to try a kimono \* the head sushi chef, who will be in charge of deciding what you eat and how \* enjoy food in a completely new way,

12º 7:00pm Dinner - Enjoy the Japanese cultural experience

- and it is absolutely worth giving it a try!
- \* The chef will present you with a dish, and tell you all about it, and once you've

had a chance to enjoy it, the chef will guess at what you would like next, figuring out your tastes and making an effort to provide you with the best experience possible,

\* allows for a higher intimacy with the head chef and the food itself

shopping & entertainment district in

#### a low ability student

2<sup>nd</sup> paragraph – tell your reader what happened in a travel agency

Hint: Use 5W to help you write this paragraph

	What tour package did you purchase/ buy? When did you buy it?	I am one of your customers who purchased.  Gho Tokyo troum package on 15th Octobry
1	Why did	because & I can ja enjoy delicious breakfast in
1.	you buy it?	because of I can to enjoy delicious breakfast in
2	Who sold	
4.	you the	Tsukiji Fish Market and the most famous
	package?	Tours I was a live in the live
3.	What did	shapping & ordertainment district in Tokyo. The
	the travel	exopping of ellicitivities and in sold
	agent do	are wise made by Mr. I have your trough agent
	when	promises made by Mr. Wong, your travel agent
	selling you	1 The Town Towns We have me
	the	from the Japan Travel. When Mr. Wong work
	package?	
4.	Did the	through the travel brochuse with us, he mention
	agent make	
	any	several times that all the admission tickets were
	promises?	
	- 3	included, and the guide would speak in Japan.

 $3^{rd}$  paragraph – tell your reader your trip was totally different from the descriptions of the travel brochure and the agreed contract

Hint: Use target sentences (e.g. Imagine my noun when SV)

-	sentences (e.g. Imagine my noun when SV)
Contrast	However, it was the complain apposite of what
transition	
- tell your reader	I expected. I was a dissatisfy breakfast and
your trip was	and the second s
totally different	expansfor price. Such disgusting and inbygen
from the	Side price. Sherr disgusting and in bygen
descriptions	sushimi rice bowls, to ramen and light meals
- use contrast	303 MIN THE DOWS , 18 TAMEN AND IGHT MEAS
conjunctions,	
e.g. However	
Tell readers	Imagine my disappointment when I spotted
your feeling	The ing disapparent with I sported
and your	that the sushi was tainted. Is this the way
	The Man was arrived. The Man
complaint	the tour guides are taught to take us go to
- Use target	THE TOP OFFICE ATE MAINT TO MAKE IS GO TO
sentences	the disgusting Tsukiji Fish Market?
	THE DISGUSTING ISMANJI FISH PIAIRET.

### a low ability student

5 <sup>th</sup> paragraph – s	second complaint		
Topic	secondly, the guides forced us to take pictures	6 <sup>th</sup> paragrap	h – third complaint
sentence		Topic	My last complaint is the unprofessional
- tell your reader	charged us more and gives us dirty kimons.	sentence	My last complaint is the unprofessional
your <b>second</b> complaint		- tell your rea	der conduct of the Omatase complaint. Firstly,
		your third complaint	West of the Order of the State
		Companie	this is not the first time that amakase eaten
1. Give	We were used eadder by the kimono did size to che		the glass in the food.
examples	We were upset eadder by the kimono did size to che	1. Give	
of your	but - have M size, smell like rotting garbage	example	es —
second	there is no point in wearing kimono if it is	of your	Is this the way the tour guides are
complaint	THERE IS NO PARTY IN WESTING TO THE TOTAL OF THE PARTY IN	third	tous) to the sound of the 3
with	dirty. I was annayed feeling to find that	complair	it taught to go to the is quality Cmakase?
reasons.	wearing it I magine my anger when take	with	let's give extra money to eat dirty food.
2. Tell	The control of the co	reasons.	Imagine my anaboled whe I eaten
readers	pictures charged my more but don't have.	2. Tell	Imagine my anaboled whe I leaten
your	my size kimono.	readers	glass in my food. I don't know where
feeling		your	the glass came from and it it's heen
towards		feeling	THE GIAS COME TO AND THE TIS DEED
events.		towards	reused.
		events.	
•	'		

# **Learning Goals and Objectives ALIGN** Teaching & Learning Feedback & Activities Assessment

Source:https://educationaltechnology.net/how-can-we-align-learning-objectives-instructional-strategies-and-assessments/

#### Final Exam - Paper 2

#### Part B

For questions 2–3, choose ONE question and write about 250 words in the space provided on pages 5–8. Indicate which question you are going to attempt in the question number box on page 5.

#### Question 2

You are Chris Wong. You are writing a letter of complaint to the travel agency about your recent three-day tour to Japan, in which you express your dissatisfaction with the hotel accommodation, food quality, the tour guide's service, and the surcharges. Be sure to provide specific details about your concerns and why the problems should have been avoided. Maintain a polite and professional tone throughout your letter. Additionally, request compensation for the inconvenience and disappointment caused by the issues you experienced during the tour. You may use the following ideas to help you with your writing. Sign your letter 'Chris Wong'. Do not write any address.

Write about 250 words.

- Not a five-star hotel as advertised
- expensive
- visible dust and stains
- > air conditioning was not functioning properly
- unresponsive hotel staff

- poor quality of food
  - tasteless
  - a cockroach
- disgusting



- misbehaviors
- unprofessional, unprepared
- did not follow the itinerary
  - late
- failed to engage the group
- hidden fees

Some pictures are removed due to copyright issue.

Dear Sir/Madam, I am writing this letter to file a complaint, recently I joined the Modern Japan three days tour that your travel agency has offered. My family and I was looking towards it with high expectation but instead we got the opposite of what we thought would be. Jury when our trip was ruined We were promised to stay in a five star luxury hotel for two nights, even your leaflet said it. To my suprise, we weren't Staying in a luxurious hotel with two big queen sized beds, it was a small capsule hotel where we had to sleep in small pods. Me and my tecnage daughter had to seperate since it's categorized by the gender. While me and my son's pod were close, my daughter had to find for herself. I magine my rage as a single father when I'm unable to protect my daughter if she is in danger. Although nothing dangerous happened, it was Still terrifying On the second day, we were expecting lunch at Sanrio Cafe since that's what my daughter was looking towards at. After exploring shinjuky, it's lunch time. It was not the Sanrio Cafe. I asked the four guide if there were any mistakes, he told me that the Sanrio Cafe has been fully booked and we couldn't. My daughter was disappointed by the deviation of the plan. What shocked me even more was the food quality that the backup restaurant had. My son found his ramen noodles tusted weired and suddenly he saw the head of a cockroach popping out of the soup. What kind of service is this? It was so disgusting that I almost pulsed.

#### a high ability student

	Did you know that the worst part of this entire trip was not even that,	
	It was your tour guide's service. First of all, at the beginning	
	of the tour he was 45 minutes late, we had to wait for him	
	of the town he was 45 minutes late, we had to wait for him to arrive. When he did arrive, he didn't apologize or anything instead	
	we were treated with horrible hospitality. The moment he told us that	
	we weren't staying at the flue-star luxury hotel. we kept on asking why and	
	requested to give us an explanation, but he just ignored us. I was going to	
	ask for a refund but we were already in Japan, there was no turning back.	١
	tuen if I did ask it, he wouldn't give it.	
	When the cock roach accident occurred, he dight do anything. Is this what	
	your tour guides are instructed to behave like an imbecile?	
)	I request you to give us compensation for the inconvenience we	
	suffered from, Hoping you will write back and flx this situation professionally.	
	>ighed)	
	Signed Chris Wong	

# Overall evaluation on the package design

### The package....

- ✓ provides a comprehensive framework for teaching the letter of complaints, including a sample reading for students to internalize target sentence patterns.
- encourages learner diversity by catering to different learning styles and abilities through a variety of activities and exercises.
- ✓ increases awareness of genre by providing clear examples and explanations of the conventions and features of the letter of complaints.
- ✓ helps students to develop critical thinking and problem-solving skills by encouraging them to analyze and respond to real-life situations.
- helps students to develop their language skills, including grammar, vocabulary, and discourse, through a range of challenging activities and exercises.

# Overall evaluation on the package design

### Things to improve

We should....

- offer more personalized feedback and support for individual students, including opportunities for one-on-one conferences with the teacher.
- incorporate more engaging and interactive activities, such as role-plays, simulations, and debates.
- offer opportunities for students to practice giving and receiving feedback in a safe and supportive environment, such as through peer review workshops or small group discussions.
- encourage students to give positive feedback in addition to constructive criticism, in order to build a positive classroom culture and support students' confidence and motivation.
- to set goals for improvement.

School & Curriculum

#### School

- ◆ It provides a comprehensive and engaging resource for teaching the letter of complaints, which can improve the quality of writing instruction and support student learning.
- The project experience enhances teachers' confidence and capabilities in choosing, designing and adopting different assessment strategies and tools.
- Through our internal sharing session, the project experience also inspires teachers of other KLAs to integrate different modes of assessment (e.g. AaL) in their curriculum planning.

#### © Curriculum

- ◆ The package demonstrates how the Learning Progression Framework (LPF) is used to set the learning goals of reading. This enables teachers to see them clearly and strategically plan how to work towards the goals.
- ◆ Genre-based pedagogy is adopted to better connect reading and writing
- ◆ It inspires teachers to integrate different modes of assessment (e.g. AaL) in the curriculum planning.

# Reading - Existing Practice

passages and reading exercises from textbook

- sorting DSE questions by question types

# Impacts of this project Reading - Reading passage

Tsang Pik Shan (Sung Lan) Secondary School Unit 2 Travel with Care A Letter of Complaint: Sample Letter

Suzhou 蘇州

Zhouzhuang 周莊鎮

Dear Sir/ Madam.

[1] I am writing to complain about a private cultural day tour to Suzhou and Zhouzhuang, which I joined on 14th February 2023.





[2] I am one of your customers who purchased the Classic China & Exploration Tour package on 15th January 2023 because I was captivated by your travel brochure and the promises made by Mr. Tang, your travel agent from the Crown International Travel. When Mr. Tang went through the travel brochure with us, he mentioned several times that all the admission tickets were included, and the guide would speak in English. The trip costs \$500 per person and was on sale with a 'buy-one-get-one-free' discount. Mr. Tang also guaranteed that no other customers would join the tour with us as it was a private tour.

[3] However, it was the complete opposite of what I expected. Imagine my disappointment feeling when my trip was ruined, and the tour was of low-quality service! complaint Is this the way the travel agencies are instructed to behave towards the public? complaint

> help ss to understand the structure and format of this formal letter, learn new vocabulary, target sentence patterns, and develop their critical thinking and analytical skills > help ss to gain valuable insights into the task at hand, feel more confident and prepared

[4] Firstly, it was not a private

punctually at the pick-up point at 0.30 am, but our tourse guide, rist. Cheding, did not show up until 9:30 am example. This was totally unprofessional complaint. While waiting for him, we noticed two other families were waiting there. After having a conversation with the families, we realized that we had all joined the same tour example and found it unacceptable feeling as we all had paid more for a private tour reason. When Mr. Cheung arrived, we asked him about the arrangements of our tours and where our own private tour guides were. He said that we all joined this small group tour, and that he would be our tour guide example. We were all shocked and angry feeling. Therefore, we preferred to cancel the tour immediately and asked him for a refund.

[5] We were upset reeling by the inappropriate and apathetic attitude of your staff as he refused and even claimed that a private tour was the same as a small group tour reason. He told us that no refund would be given if we decided to leave example. Since we did not want to waste our money reason, we eventually gave in and continued the tour. There is no point in joining a private tour if we do not even have our own private tour guide. complaint



[6] Secondly, we only visited two tourist attractions and did not take part in any cultural activities as we were promised complaint. Since the tour started at noon, I was annoyed feeling to find that he cancelled our first activity reason, i.e., a visit to Master-of-Nets Garden, and he opted to take us to a local restaurant for lunch instead. After lunch, we were supposed to attend the silkscreen workshop at the Suzhou Silk Museum example. However, he skipped the workshop and took us to a museum shop to purchase traditional Chinese silk products. Then, we went to Zhouzhuang Water Town for the promised boat trip, but again the itinerary was changed. He simply asked us to explore the area on our own without showing us around example. This was not the first time that this has happened on this tour. Imagine my fury feeling when your travel agent





45 [7] My last complaint is the unprofessional conduct of the tour guide complaint. Firstly, Mr. Cheung was one hour late, but he neither offered an apology nor explained why he was late. He acted as if nothing had happened and took us to the local restaurant example. Second, Mr. Cheung just briefly introduced the scenic spots, told us to read up on our own, and rudely refused to share more information about the attractions example. The thing that annoyed feeling me nost was his discourtesy and ignorance reason. When we were on our way to the museum, we asked Mr. Cheung more about the Garden and the principles of Chinese garden design. He barely shared any information about the design elements of the classical Chinese gardens and simply asked us to google the 55 question on our own example. What is the point of having a dunce here with us? complaint He did not make an effort to share more about the history and culture of the tourist attractions with us reason. When I asked if he could share more, he just ignored my request and rudely asked me what more I wanted to hear example. I was totally upset feeling by his disrespectful behaviour. Is this 60 the way the tour guides are instructed to behave towards the public? complaint

[8] Your company is a reputable travel agency, and you pride yourself on providing excellent service to customers. What I experienced on the tour, however, was far from what I was promised. There is no point in signing the agreed contract if your travel agency does not execute it. To make matters worse, your tour guide was unknowledgeable, ill-mannered, and a slouch. He was unable to tell us about the culture or history of the attractions and was impolite to us. The way he treated us made my blood boil.

[9] I hope you will investigate this matter as soon as possible. I expect a full refund. I would welcome the opportunity to further discuss these matters. I look forward to hearing from you soon.

Yours faithfully, Chris Wong

Some pictures are removed due to copyright issue. repeatedly breached the agreed contract!

# Impacts of this project > further internalize ss with the reading strategies Reading - Questions Set by Teachers

#### **Inferencing Questions Level 2**

According to the information in paragraph 1, decide whether the following statements are True, False, or the information is Not Given in the paragraph.

	True	False	Not
			Given
1. A family of four needs to pay \$1,000 to join the guided	0	0	0
tour.			
2. Visitors need to reach a certain level of Putonghua	0	0	0
before joining the tour.			
3. Mr Tang is an irresponsible salesperson.	0	0	0

- 4. In paragraph 3, the writer said, 'it was the complete opposite of what I expected.'
  (line 12) That means the writer feels...
  - a. suspicious
  - b. doubtful
  - c. angry
  - d. delighted

#### Writer's attitude Questions Level 2

1. What does the line 'Is this the way the travel agencies are instructed to behave towards the public?' (lines 14-15) suggest about the writer's attitude towards the service of the tour?

(ATM 6.5)

- A. worried
- B. positive
- C. annoyed
- D. excited
- 2. When the writer wrote "he simply asked us to explore the area without showing us around" (lines 41-42), at the time it is likely that the writer thinks the tour guide is... (ATM 6.5)
- A. timid
- B. neglectful
- C. professional
- D. scornful

# Impacts of this project Reading - Questions Set by Teachers

#### **Referencing Questions Level 2**

1 What does 'this' (line 18) refer to?

2 Who does 'he' (line 24) refer to?

3 Who does 'we' (line 19) refer to?

4 In line 27, 'the inappropriate and apathetic attitude' refers to ...

#### Existing practice

- 1. A disconnect between the existing reading materials and the writing task
- 2. Using daily observation to identify students' strengths and weaknesses

#### Project experience

- 1. Adopt Genre-based pedagogy to better connect reading and writing
  - → students became more familiar with the format and structure of a letter of complaint
  - → improve student's learning
- 2. Adopt the use of a pre-unit test
  - → assess students' performance and gain a better understanding of their capabilities
  - → develop questions that are tailored to their abilities
  - → promote a more effective learning

# Writing - Sentence Patterns

## **Existing Practice**

#### Part 6 Sentence patterns

#### Basic sentence patterns

- 1. S+V
- 2. S+V+O
- S+V+O+O
- 4. S+V+ADJ
- 5. S+V+N

#### **Expressing Opinions**

- 6.  $S + V \pmod{\text{web} + \text{v-base form}}$
- 7. I think + S + V (modal verb + v-base form)
- 8. It is + ADJ + that + S + V + O
- 9. It is + ADJ (+ for Sb.) + to do sth

#### Talking about possibility

10. It is + ADJ (likely/ possible/ unlikely/ impossible) + that + S + V

### **Project Experience**

#### Pattern A. Imagine + [noun phrase] + subordinate clause

Usage: We use this sentence pattern to convey emotions towards an action

		feeling			action	n	
Imagine	noun ph	rase			subordin	ate clause	
Imagine	my	fury	when	I 1	found	glass in my food.	
subject verb							

A. Rearrange the following elements by using the new sentence pattern.

A. Keurra	nge ine jouowing e	tements by using t	ine new	senience j	ounern.		
Imagine	noun p (e.g. my, our, her)	hrase noun	subordinate clause				
Imagine		disappointment anger frustration	when	we he I	spotted was being was told	that the sushi was tainted. so rude to us. that there would not be a private tour guide.	

Imagine	noun phrase (e.g. my, our, her) noun		subordinate clause			
Imagine		disappointment	when			
		anger				
		frustration				

# Writing - Sentence Patterns

## **Project experience**

Proofreading exercise

You were angry. You spotted the head of a cockroach on top of your food. (Imagine my [noun]...) There is no point in compensate for this trip if Mr Cheung does not apologise. You were **disappointed**. The sushi served was tainted. (Imagine my [noun]...) disappointed noun Imagine my angry when he was being so impolite to me. You were **frustrated**. Mr Cheung was being late again. (Imagine my [noun]...) frustrated adi noun 3. Imagine my frustrated when I found a hair in the Ramen. You were furious. Mr Cheung was indifferent to your need. (Imagine my [noun]...) furious adj noun

Exercise

taught ...?)

Change adjective (adj.) to noun:

You are not satisfied with the tour guides' behavior towards the tourists. (Is this the way ...

noun

angry

understand why and when to use each particular sentence pattern

# Writing - Task-specific Rubrics - Peer Evaluation Existing Practice

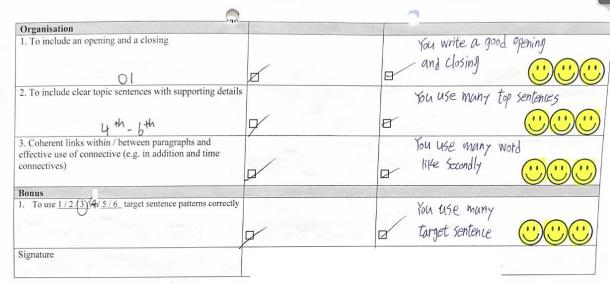
Language	
7. I used simple present tense to describe the job.	
8. I used some interesting words from the vocabulary list.	
9. I spelt the words correctly.	
10. I used some connectives (e.g. because / but ) to link the ideas.	
11. I used some useful sentence patterns from this handout.	
12. I used singular and plural nouns correctly.	

# Writing - Task-specific Rubrics - Peer Evaluation Project Experience

La	nguage	
1.	To use different vocabulary and sentence patterns correctly	
2.	To use the following language items correctly:  a. Use <b>time connectives</b> to talk about the order of events	
	e.g. After lunch, we went to Suzhou Silk Museum to attend a silk screen workshop.	
	b. Use <b>simple past tense</b> to talk about actions and events that happened in the past e.g. Firstly, it was not a private tour at all.	
	c. Use <b>persuasive language</b> (e.g. emotive words) to persuade people to accept our point of view e.g. His disrespectful behaviour was <u>unbearable</u> .	
	d. Use <b>reported speech</b> to introduce what others said e.g. He <u>said that</u> we all joined this small group tour and he was our tour guide today.	

### Writing - Task-specific Rubrics - Peer Evaluation Project Experience

Language		
To use different vocabulary and sentence patterns correctly		You souse many sentence patterns like because I was
<ol> <li>To use the following language items correctly:         <ul> <li>a. Use time connectives to talk about the order of events</li> <li>e.g. After lunch, we went to Suzhou Silk Museum t attend a silk screen workshop.</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	· D	You use many time connectives, eg Firstly secondly and last.
<ul> <li>b. Uses simple past tense to talk about actions and events that happened in the past e.g. Firstly, it was not a private tour at all.</li> </ul>		Tou souse simple past tense like alot the tour guide was
<ul> <li>c. Uses persuasive language (e.g. emotive words) persuade people to accept our point of view e.g. His disrespectful behaviour was <u>unbearable</u>.</li> </ul>	to	You use a lot emotive words eg: angry
<ul> <li>d. Uses reported speech to introduce what others said</li> <li>e.g. He said that we all joined this small group tour and he was our tour guide today.</li> </ul>		fou use reported speech in Paragraph 4.5.6 but you torget to put 'that' in your reported speech.
<ul> <li>e. Use simple present tense and future tense to describe the expectation for the company and the requests</li> <li>e.g. Your company is a reputable travel agency.</li> <li>e.g. I expect a full refund.</li> <li>e.g. I hope you will investigate this matter as soon a possible.</li> </ul>	is A	You use simple present tense and future tense, For example I hope you will
To show almost entirely correct grammar, spelling, punctuation and capitalization	D/	You not have any wrong spelling.



### Improved student engagement

- → the materials are designed to be interactive, engaging, and relevant to students' lives & learning abilities
- → increase their motivation

# Impacts and Reflections

**Teachers** 

# Impacts & Reflection: Changes and Improvements (Teacher)

### 1. Different types of assessment tools

### AaL

- KWLUMF (Reading & Writing)
- Spider Web (Pre-reading)

# ◆ The project experience enhances teachers' capabilities in choosing, designing and adopting different assessment strategies and tools. Therefore, the effectiveness of the teaching and learning is maximized.

#### AfL

- Rubrics cum teacher feedback (Writing)
- Rubrics cum self-check and peer feedback (Writing)

### Impacts & Reflection: **Changes and Improvements (Teacher)**

### 2. eLearning tools

Quizlet (vocabulary learning)

Padlet & Mentimeter (brainstorming & instant comments)

Plicker Cards (Grammar)

Solution Cards (Reading skills)

Reading - ATM 1	Reading – ATM 2	Reading - ATM 3	Reading – ATM 4	Reading – ATM 5	Reading – ATM 6	Reading – ATM 7	Reading – ATM 8
cutorestanting information and ideas in some short simple texts, using some reading strategies as appropriate	information, ideas and feelings in a small range of short simple texts, using some reading strategies as appropriate	inferring information, inferring information, ideas and feelings in a small range of simple texts, using and integrating a small range of reading strategies as appropriate	information, ideas and feetings in a range of simple texts, using and integrating a small range of reading strategies as appropriate	inferring information, ideas, feelings and opinions in a range of texts with some degree of complexity, using and integrating a small range of reading	inferring information, ideas, feelings and opinions in a range of texts with some degree of complexity, using and integrating a range of reading strategies as	and interpreting information, ideas, feelings and opinions in a range of texts with some degree of complexity,	and interpreting and interpreting information, ideas, feelings and opinions in complex texts, using and integrating a range of reading strategies as appropriate
visitem various construction of the cample.  recognise come high  recognise come high  requestry work (e.g. the,  you)  decode words by using  knowledge of little-count  relationships  process simple secretors,  you will be a constructed  process simple secretors,  you will be a constructed  possible conventions of  possible conventions  possible c	follow ideas by understanding the use of sample coheave devices (e.g. simple connectives, persound)	recipes)  identify main ideas and some supporting details explicitly stated in the text  make predictions about the likely development of the text by identifying key words  infer information, ideas	Vicutes: a Commental Comme	Pictations of Comments of Comm	Posters  work out the literal and implied meaning of words and expressions by using sometime and optimate the property of the good of the property of the property of the property of the total of the t	Posters were confirmed to the property of the control of dearware care, for example, work out the moving of figurative lengings (e.g., metaphon) by using semantic and symmetric and symmetric care and some control of the control of	Protests and for example, justify interpretations of wireless interests by using well-chosen evidence from tools symbolic presented in different texts and done corrobusions analyse texts for theme, intended andience and interests and done corrobusions are presented and continued interest and continued interests and done continued interests and columns implications and columns interested pulsaries and columns interested in the continued interests in different text dyes in presenting a message appreciate the richaries of texts by understanding the use of stylistic features in texts and the effects achieved

Source: https://www.edb.gov.hk/attachment/en/curriculumdevelopment/kla/eng-edu/referencesresources/LPF/LPF\_Poster%201\_Reading\_P1.pdf

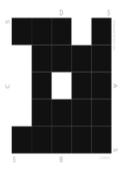
#### 3. ATMs

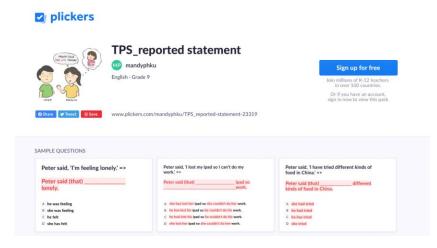
The Learning Progression Framework for English Language (Reading skills)

# Adopt different e-Learning tools

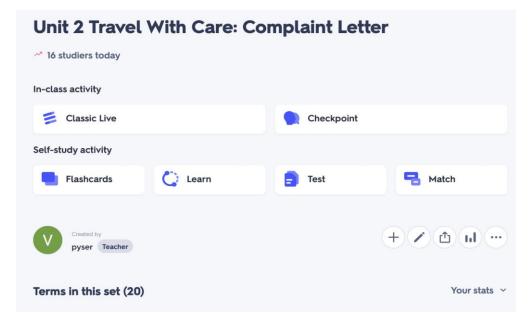
### Plickers card

- receive feedback on students' performance





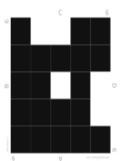
### Quizlet (Vocabulary Learning)



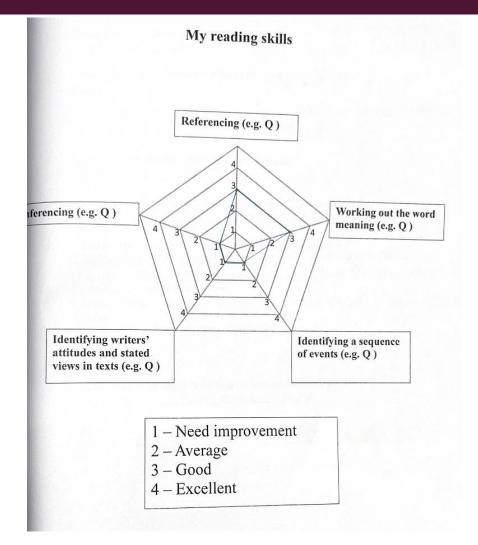
**Students: Self-learning / Self-monitoring** 

**Teachers: Collect assessment data to inform** 

teaching and learning



### Offering Effective Feedback (Teacher)



#### My reading skills

After finishing the reading comprehension questions, use the table below to assess your own reading skills. Rate your performance on a scale from 1 to 4.

Scale: 1: need improvement; 2: average; 3: good; 4: excellent

\*1 correct answer = 1 \*

\*2 correct answer = 2 \*...

	*2 correct :	answer = $2 *$	
Target ATMs	Example and relevant reading comprehension questions no.	Rate your performance on a scale from 1 to 4*	What should I do to improve my skills? // What other skills should I
2.5 Referencing	In line 3, 'him' refers to  Mr Cheung  Reading questions:	2	Read the prey Schence of question an- see if there
3.6 Inference	According to paragraph 1, why did the writer think it was unacceptable to join the tour with other travellers?  The was because the waster point more for the private tour in order to have a more optionable of waster point or the private tour in order to have a more optionable of waster points of the private tour in order to have a more optionable of waster or to travel with other people's strangers.  Reading questions:		read more question
4.1 Working out the word meaning	Find a phread web in paragraph 1 that suggests the water finally agreed to continue the tear other refluence to join the tear of first.  Reading questions:		Note whether there are words with the same monahing
Identifying a sequence of events	Number the following events (1-4) in chronological order.  2		reak the comprehensition one time
6.5 Identify writers' attitudes and stated views in texts	How did the writer feel about the trip?  A. enraged B. enthusiastic C. neutral D. satisfied Reading questions:	13	Read the title carefaully

### Reading

### Offering Effective Feedback (Teacher)

#### Task-specific rubrics cum teacher feedback

Success critoria

Success criteria				
Content	The strengths of your writing *Your teacher will give you a tick if you have done it	Here are what you can do to improve:		
<ol> <li>To give reasons of writing and describe the complaint including what, where and when</li> </ol>				
2. a. To describe complaint 1 with examples and reasons				
b. To describe complaint 2 with examples and reasons				
c. To describe complaint 3 with examples and reasons				
3. To show expectation for the company				
4. To show disappointment an ask for improvement and/or compensation	\wadda_{\text{\tinit}\\ \text{\ti}}\tint{\text{\ti}\tittt{\text{\ti}\tittt{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi}\tittit{\text{\text{\text{\ti}\tittit}\\ \tittt{\text{\tex{\texi}\til\titt{\text{\text{\text{\text{\tin}\tinttitt{\t			
Language				
To use different vocabulary and sentence patterns				

# Writing

# Impacts and Reflections

**Students** 

# Impacts and Reflections - Effectiveness (Students' Learning Progress) (From teachers' observation)

### Reading

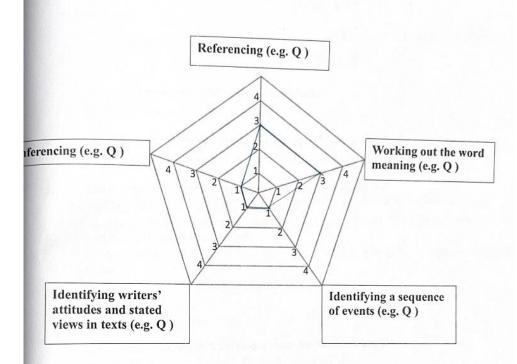
- set goals and reflect on what they have learned
- 2. recognise their strengths and weaknesses
- 3. have a better understanding of writing task (Task-specific Rubrics)
- 4. develop positive values appreciation, respect, self-reflection, goal setting

### Pre-assessment self-evaluation

#### VS

### Post-assessment self-evaluation

#### My reading skills



- 1 Need improvement
- 2 Average
- 3 Good
- 4 Excellent

#### My reading skills

\*1 correct answer = 1 \*

After finishing the reading comprehension questions, use the table below to assess your own reading skills. Rate your performance on a scale from 1 to 4.

Scale: 1: need improvement; 2: average; 3: good; 4: excellent

views in

Reading questions:

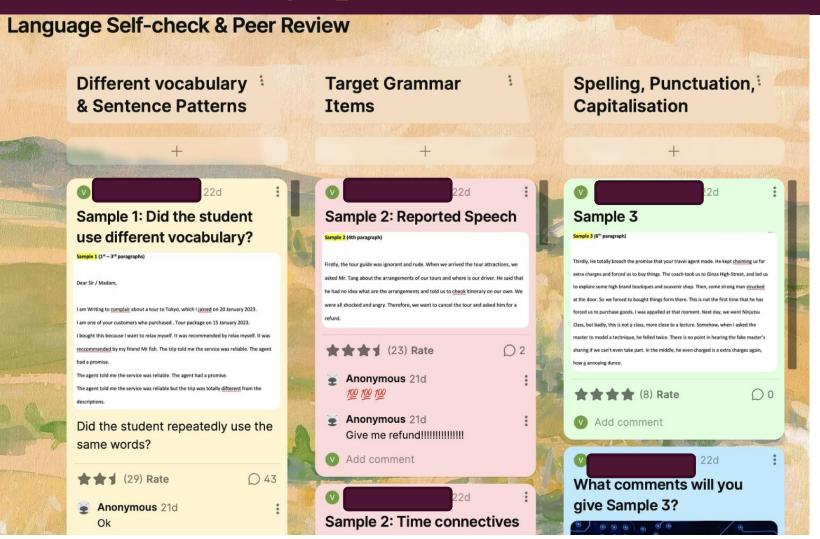
texts

T	Francis 1	answer = 2 *	
Target ATMs	Example and relevant reading comprehension questions no.	Rate your performance on a scale from 1 to 4*	What should I do to improve my skills? // What other skills should I
2.5 Referencing	In line 3, 'him' refers to  Mr Cheung  Reading questions:	2	learn next?  Read the prey! Schtence of t question and see if there
3.6 Inference	According to paragraph 1, why did the writer think it was unacceptable to join the tour with other taxtellers?  This was because the writer paid more for the private tour in order to have a more personalized travel experience/in order too to travel with other people/strangers.  Reading questions:		read more question
4.1 Working out the word meaning	Find a phrasal verb in paragraph 1 that suggests the writer finally agreed to continue the root after refusing to join the tour at first.  Reading questions:	i des le production	Note whether there are words with the same moraning.
4.3 Identifying a sequence of events	Course guide, Mr. Cheung, showed up.   1 The writer arrived at pick-up point.   3 The writer talked with other tour members.   4 Mr. Cheung arrived at pick-up point.   Reading questions:		reak the comprehension one time
6.5 Identify writers' attitudes and stated views in	How did the writer feel about the trip?  A. enraged  B. enthusiastic  C. neutral  D. satisfied	12	Read the title carefaully

# Promote collaborative learning Feedback from peers (Writing) through peer assessment

- Anonymous 20d You can use other sentences patterns for example Images my... 09 **Anonymous** 20d You can make your sentences more precise 15 **Anonymous** 20d You can use some conjunction 17 Anonymous 20d You can use more vocabulary .14
- Anonymous 20d

  19: you repeat many time the same word like "the agent "
- Anonymous 20d
  You can go to Google Translate and get some good word.23



### Peer Review (Task-specific Rubrics)

Lang	nuage		
	orrectly		You souse many sentence patterns like because I was
□ a. e.	To use the following language items correctly:  Use <b>time connectives</b> to talk about the order of vents  g. After lunch, we went to Suzhou Silk Museum to ttend a silk screen workshop.		You use many time connectives , eg Firstly Secondly and last.
e	b. Uses <b>simple past tense</b> to talk about actions and vents that happened in the past .g. Firstly, it <u>was</u> not a private tour at all.		Tou souse simple past tense like ralet the tour guide was The tour guide was
p	. Uses persuasive language (e.g. emotive words) to persuade people to accept our point of view e.g. His disrespectful behaviour was unbearable.	p/	eg: angry
e a	I. Uses reported speech to introduce what others aid i.g. He said that we all joined this small group tour and he was our tour guide today.		fou use reported speech in Paragraph 4.5.6 but, you forget to put 'that' in your reported speech.
d de e e	Use simple present tense and future tense to describe the expectation for the company and the equests  .g. Your company is a reputable travel agencyg. I expect a full refundg. I hope you will investigate this matter as soon as sossible.	Ø	future tense, For example I hope you will
3. T	Fo show almost entirely correct grammar, spelling, punctuation and capitalization		You not have any wrong spelling.

Language		1.10
To use different vocabulary and sentence patterns correctly		use more different words
To use the following language items correctly:     a. Use time connectives to talk about the order of events     e.g. After lunch, we went to Suzhou Silk Museum to attend a silk screen workshop.	8	use a lot time connectives
<ul> <li>b. Uses simple past tense to talk about actions and events that happened in the past</li> <li>e.g. Firstly, it was not a private tour at all.</li> </ul>		clearly use simple past tense
<ul> <li>c. Uses persuasive language (e.g. emotive words) to persuade people to accept our point of view e.g. His disrespectful behaviour was <u>unbearable</u>.</li> </ul>		clearly use the enotine mores
d. Uses reported speech to introduce what others said e.g. He said that we all joined this small group tour and he was our tour guide today.	d	use more reported speech
e. Use simple present tense and future tense to describe the expectation for the company and the requests e.g. Your company is a reputable travel agency. e.g. I expect a full refund. e.g. I hope you will investigate this matter as soon as possible.		clear use simple present tense and future tense
To show almost entirely correct grammar, spelling, punctuation and capitalization	Ø	

### From students' perspective

### **Student survey**

#### over 60% of students think

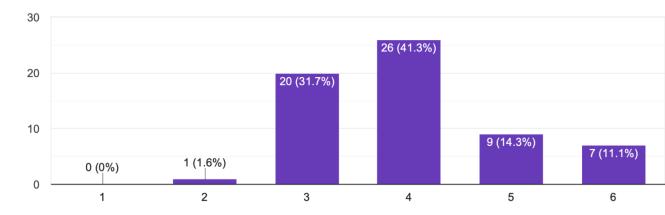
- 1. the task-specific rubrics are meaningful
- 2. success criteria help them reflect on their writing

### **Student interview**

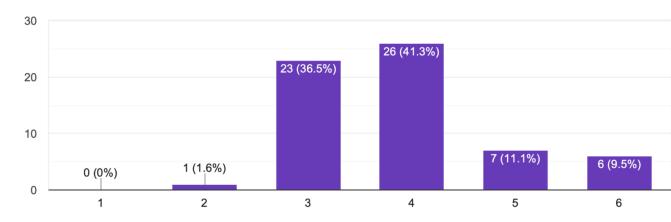




To what extent do you think the Unit 2 materials are useful? 63 則回應



Do you think the success criteria given to you before the writing task help you reflect on what you had written? 你認為在寫作之前給你的成功標準有助於你反思你所寫的內容嗎? 63 則回應



### Extracted from student interview

	5	4	3	2	1
Ve	ry much like doing it 非常喜歡做		It's ok doing it		Very much annoyed 非常煩惱
2.	What did you learn 你從自我評估中學 我洋只到了女 步去提升自	到.	了什麽? 万去改美自己		

3. Do you think it is meaningful to do the self-assessment? What is good about doing self-assessment? 你認為做自我評估有意義嗎?做自我評估有什麼好處? 有意义,可以共自己美文程度有一定用认 知,可以转寫局看见自己改美文的商点 在鄉主男去沖礦

 Did you find it easy or difficult to do self-reflection? 你覺得做自我 反思是容易還是難?

5 4 3 2 1 Very easy 非常容易 Very difficult 非常困難

How did you feel about the peer assessment? How can we give comments on our peer work? (\*\* Use it together with the task-specific rubrics cum self and peer feedback) 的感受如何? If you like your peer work: .... I think this part worked well because ..... ry much like doing it It's ok doing it Very much If you are confused about your peer work: . I'm confused by this port. Can you give an example of ....? noyed If you would like to give comments to improve your peer work: 非常喜歡做 · You may want to add details here... You should/ should not (verb) ...... It would be better if you (verb) ...... What did you learn from doing the peer assessment? 你從同儕

. Do you think it is meaningful to do the peer assessment? What is good about doing peer assessment? 你認為做同儕互評有意義嗎?做同儕互評有什麼好處?

有,互評可以使雙方都進行20隻,有時,我們管的發現錯處,而互評便能使我意識發到配的錯處,從而20美,同時,互評也能多我生吃直面20多多。

. Did you find it easy or difficult to give comments to your peers? 你覺得給同學意見是容易還是難?

5 4 3 2 1 Very easy 非常容易 非常困難



### IMPACTS AND REFLECTIONS

- Students (from teachers' observation)
  - to integrate technology to enhance the learning experience
  - to provide additional opportunities for students to engage with the material
  - to incorporate more active learning strategies
  - to encourage students to actively participate in the learning process and take ownership of their learning.

### IMPACTS AND REFLECTIONS

- to provide regular feedback and opportunities for reflection to help students monitor their progress and identify areas for improvement.
- Enhanced learning outcomes
- Improved student engagement

Way Forward

### Way forward

To improve our L/T practice, we will:

- adopt different e-Learning tools to arouse students' interest
- promote self and peer assessment

### Way forward

To enhance the curriculum development of the subject,

- continue to polish and refine materials
- different assessment tasks will be incorporated in our school-based materials in the future
- analysis of our school DSE and TSA data will be used to identify students' strengths and weaknesses.
- the Learning Progression Framework (LPF)will also be used in designing the new school-based curriculum on reading.
- genre-based pedagogy will be adopted and task-specific rubrics will be created for other units
- conduct questionnaire (post-teaching) to gather opinions from our students

### Way forward

■ To develop the Assessment Literacy in the school, we will promote the development of the overall assessment literacy of our school through a whole-school approach by sharing our experience and insights gained from this project to teachers of other subjects.

# Thank you very much!

Quality Education Fund Thematic Network -Tertiary Institutes (QTN-T)2022-2023 "Enhancing assessment literacy of teachers in primary/secondary schools"

Dissemination Seminar 30<sup>th</sup> June 2023

CCC Kei Wan Primary School

### Outline of our sharing

- 1. Package design
  - a) Objectives/Expectations of joining the project in our school
  - b) An overview of the package design
  - c) Learning tasks, Assessment tasks/strategies related to AaL/AfL
  - Overall evaluation on the package design
- 2. Impacts and reflections
  - a) School
  - b) Curriculum
  - c) Teachers
  - d) Students
- 3. Way Forward

# Objectives/expectations of joining the project in our school

 To empower students to engage themselves effectively in assessment as learning so that students become more aware of what they learn, how they learn and what helps them learn.

 To enhance assessment literacy of teachers through wholeschool curriculum planning in respect of English Language curriculum.

# An overview of the package design

Level:	Primary 2		
Topic:	Good Children		
The text type (genre) of the package:	Reading: pictures, captions, mind-maps and notes Writing: write some notes about "A Helpful Person"		
Key skills and language features:	Reading skills:  1) Recognizing key words  2) Understanding the connection between ideas  3) Pronoun referencing Language features:  1) Adjectives to describe people  2) Subject pronouns to identify people  3) Simple present tense to describe habitual actions		
Key vocabulary:	Adjectives to describe good people (e.g. helpful, polite, generous, etc.)		
Key assessment strategies:	Tick the list, fill in the blanks, think and write, matching, multiple choice questions, text analysis are set at different stages		

Learning task and assessment strategies related to Assessment as Learning (AaL) and Assessment for Learning (AfL)

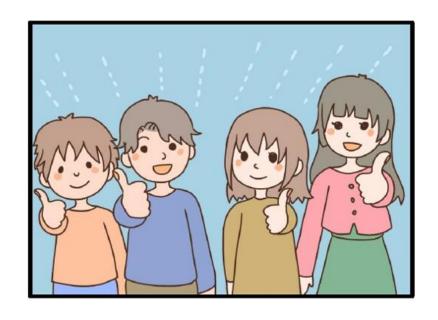
# Framework of the package: Reading

	Stage	Task	Learning Tasks and Assessment Strategies
	Pre-learning Stage (Pre-unit Self Assessment)	<ul><li> Task 1</li><li> Task 2</li></ul>	<ul><li>Good Children Checklist</li><li>Rate Yourself</li></ul>
/	Pre-reading Stage	<ul><li>Task 1A</li><li>Task 1B</li><li>Task 2</li><li>Task 3</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Fill in the blanks (adjectives to describe people)</li> <li>Think and Write (give reasons for a thought/an action)</li> <li>Matching (simple present tense and subject-verb agreement)</li> <li>Rate Yourself</li> </ul>
	While-reading Stage	<ul><li> Task 1</li><li> Task 2</li><li> Task 3</li><li> Task 4</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Write short sentences (revision of simple present tense)</li> <li>Fill in the blanks (subject pronouns)</li> <li>Complete the table (use simple present tense to write about own experiences)</li> <li>Reading comprehension (Google Form)</li> </ul>
	Post-reading Stage	• Checklist	<ul> <li>Students review their learning progress by ticking the box</li> </ul>

# Reading: Assessment Tasks Developed for Different Stages

- Topic
- Longman Express 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition
   Book 2B Chapter 2
   Good Children

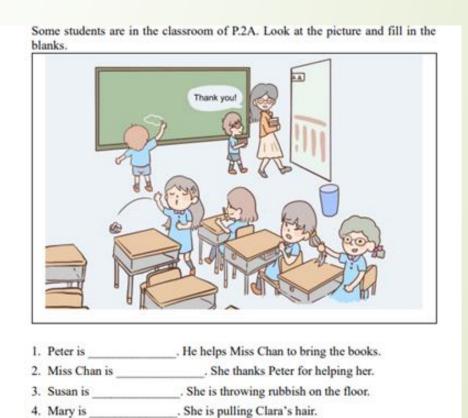
Primary 2
English Language
Good Children



# Pre-learning Stage: Pre-unit Self Assessment

Good Children Che How can you describe best describe good c	oe good children? Look at t	he list and tick the words which
□ helpful	□ kind	☐ hard-working
□ untidy	□ rude	□ unkind
☐ greedy	□ unhelpful	□ tidy
□ polite	□ honest	□ generous
□ selfish	□ lazy	□ naughty

### Pre-reading Stage: Task 1A & 1B



#### Task 1B

5. Jane is

6. Mark is

#### Think and Write

- I like \_\_\_\_\_\_because he/she\* is \_\_\_\_\_\_
- I don't want to be \_\_\_\_\_\_ because <u>he/she/they</u>\* is/are\*

. She is doing her homework.

. He is writing on the blackboard.

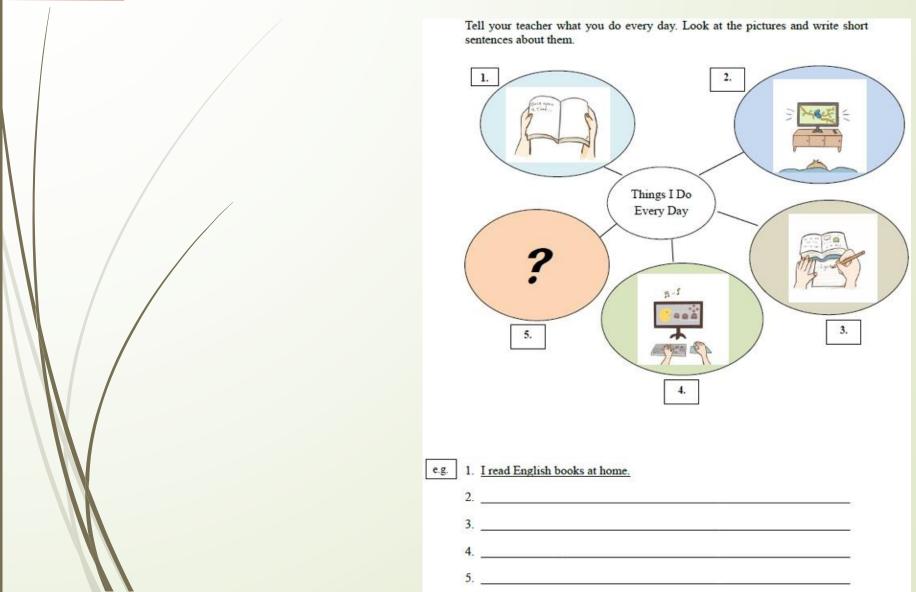
### Pre-reading Stage: Task 2

Here are the pictures of what Peter and his family usually do at weekends. Look at the pictures and match the pictures with the best caption. Write the letter in the box below each picture.

A.	Peter plays football in the park.	
B.	Mum goes shopping in a supermarket.	
C.	Peter tidies his room.	
D.	Grandpa and Grandma eat in a restaurant.	
E.	Peter draws pictures in the art class.	
F.	Peter watches a film in the cinema with his family.	
G.	Dad cleans his car.	
H.	Peter studies for his exam.	



### While-reading Stage: Task 1



# While-reading Stage: Task 2

Here are some pictures of Peter's home. Look at the pictures and fill in the blanks with the given words. He We She They Peter's sister is reading at home. is quiet. Peter's dad is cooking in the kitchen. is busy. 3. Peter's grandpa and grandma are watching are happy. 4. Peter's mum says to Peter, "Peter, let's go. are late."

# While-reading Stage: Task 3

You are writing about your family and friends. Complete the information in the table. The first one has been done for you.

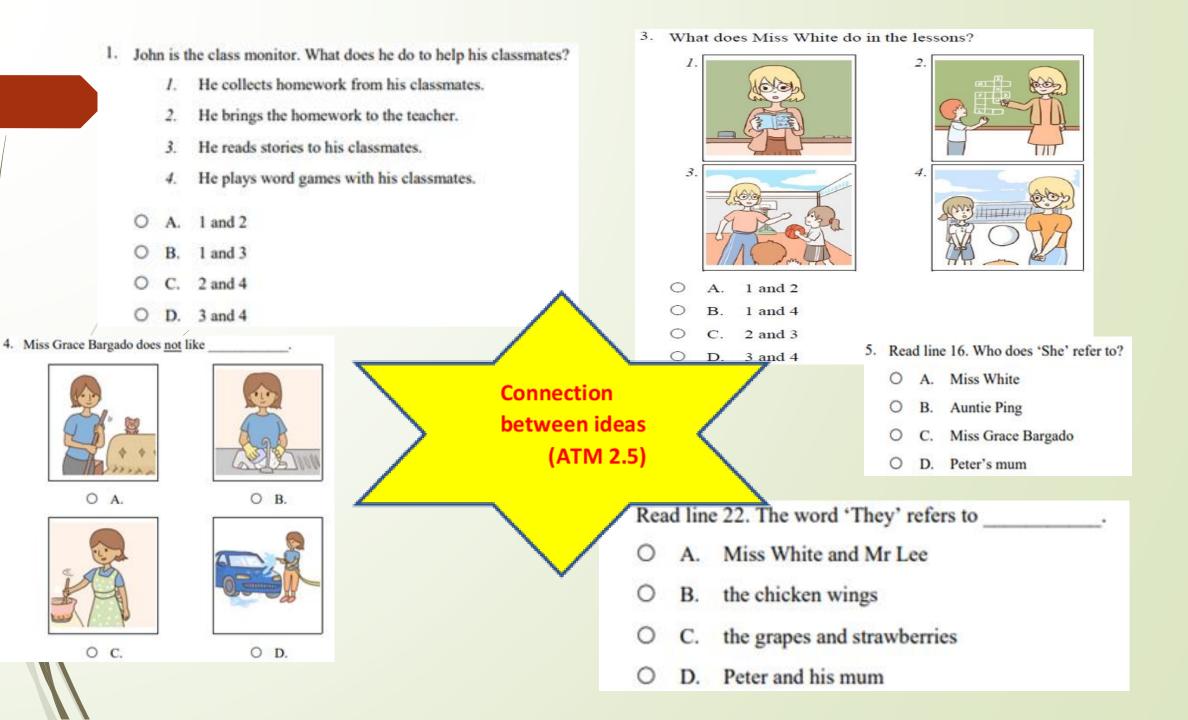
	I think	Why?
Grandpa/Grandma	he/she is kind.	He/She brings me to school every day
Dad	he is	
Mum	she is	
brother/sister/ uncle/auntie*	he/she* is	
My best friend	he/she* is	

<sup>\*</sup>circle the appropriate answer

## While-reading Stage: Task 4

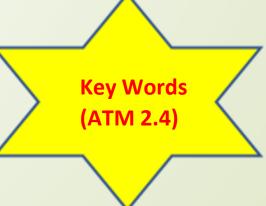
Peter writes some notes about 'Helpful People'. Read the notes and answer the questions.

John Wong is the class monitor in our class. He is tall. He collects our homework and brings them to our teachers. He is helpful. I think he is strong because he can carry 22 books at one time! John is my best friend in class. I play football with him in the park on Fridays.	5
Miss White is my English teacher. She comes from Canada. She reads stories and plays word games with us. Mr Lee is our PE teacher. He teaches us how to play basketball and volleyball. I love my teachers at school. They help us learn. They are very kind.	10
Miss Grace Bargado is my helper at home. She is from the Philippines. She is young and beautiful. She cleans the floor and washes the dishes from Mondays to Saturdays. She is hard-working. She can cook very well. I love the honey chicken wings she cooks. But Grace does not like cleaning Dad's car. She feels tired.	15
I go to the market with Mum on Sundays. We buy fruit from Auntie Ping. Mum likes the oranges from the US and Australia. Auntie Ping is very nice. She picks big and sweet oranges for us. She sometimes gives me a treat. She lets me try some grapes and strawberries for free. They are yummy!	20



2.	Mi	ss W	Thite comes from	
	0	A	. the Philippines	
	0	В	. Canada	
	0	C	. the US	
	0	D	. Australia	
5. F	Peter	goe	s to the market on	
(	C	A.	Mondays	
(	C	B.	Fridays	7
(	C	C.	Saturdays	
(	C	D.	Sundays	4

7. What does Peter think of Auntie Ping?
Peter thinks she is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
O A. beautiful
O B. nice
O C. strong
O D. sweet



## Framework of the package: Writing

Stage	Task	Learning Tasks and Assessment Strategies
Pre-writing Stage	<ul><li>Task 1</li><li>Task 2</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Fill in the blanks (consolidate the language items that students had learnt in While-reading Stage)</li> <li>Task Specific Marking Scheme – "A Helpful Person" (understand the writing requirements)</li> </ul>
While-writing Stage	<ul><li>Writing Task</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Write about 'A Helpful Person' in about 30</li> <li>40 words</li> </ul>
Post-writing Stage	<ul><li>Task 1</li><li>Task 2</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Complete self-checklist and peer-checklist (reflections on students' own learning and peers' learning)</li> <li>Teacher's feedback</li> </ul>

# Writing: Assessmet Tasks Developed for While-writing Stage

You are writing about 'A Helpful Person'. Write in about 30 - 40 words. You may use the questions in the mind map to help you. What do you Who is the helpful think about person? him/her? Why? A Helpful Person What does he/she do to be helpful? What is his/her job? How does he/she look like?

A Helpful Person				

### Highlighted tasks + Students' work

While-writing Stage

The purpose of this task is to let students use adjectives to describe people with examples.

	A Helpful Person				
	Jasper is my friend in-class. He is thin				
	He helps teachers to bring the book.  He is tidy to the tidies his room every week.				
	I love playingwith him.				
	Corrections				
	Jasper is my friend in class. He is this.				
2	He is tidy too because ne tidies his room every week.				
	I love playing with him.				

A Helpful Person			
Angela is my best friend in our class.  She is tall. She always helps people. X  She is helpful I think she is funny  because She says funny things to me. X  Angela is my first best friend. I			
Play With her every day in school			
Corrections			
She always helps people She is helpful.  I think she isfunny because she says			
funny things with met Angela is my first. Lost friend. I play with her every.			
day in school.			

### Features of the project

#### 1. Students as Active Learners

A variety of activities is designed to engage students in learning: pair work, think and share

Think and

Share

What do you think children should



## Features of the project 2. Self and Peer evaluation

Students Monitor their Own Learning Progress: Students' Self-evaluation and Peer evaluation

#### Rate Yourself

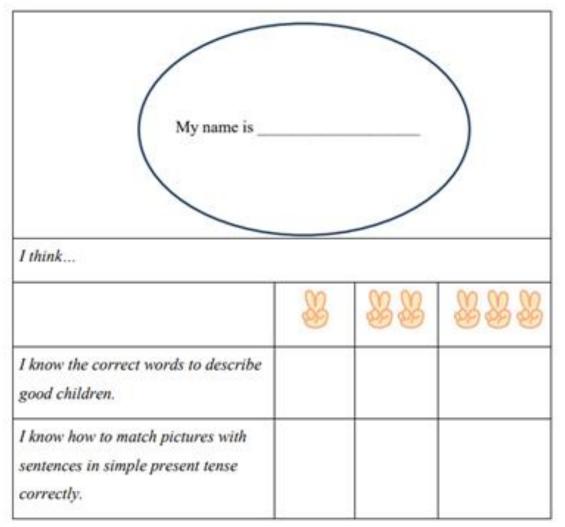
Which picture in the box below can best describe your understanding of the vocabulary which describe good children? Circle the appropriate picture.

	Let's Reflect	!	
	Fair	Good	Excellent
I know the vocabulary which describe good children.		<u>-</u>	(F)



#### Rate yourself

Tell your teacher how well you can do in the following areas. Tick the appropriate box.



their own abilities in learning the target language items at different stages

Please tick the box below to show how well you do in the following areas.

After doing the reading task				
	*	**	***	
I know the adjectives to describe people.				
I know the subject pronouns to describe people (e.g. he, she).				
I know how to use simple present tense to describe actions.				

#### Task 1

In the writing task, how well can you/your classmate do the following? Tell your teacher by circling the appropriate picture which can best describe you/your classmate.

Peer Checklist

	Self-checklist	Peer-checklist
I/You can use adjectives to describe people.		
I/You can use simple present tense to write sentences correctly.		
I/You can give reasons using 'because'.		

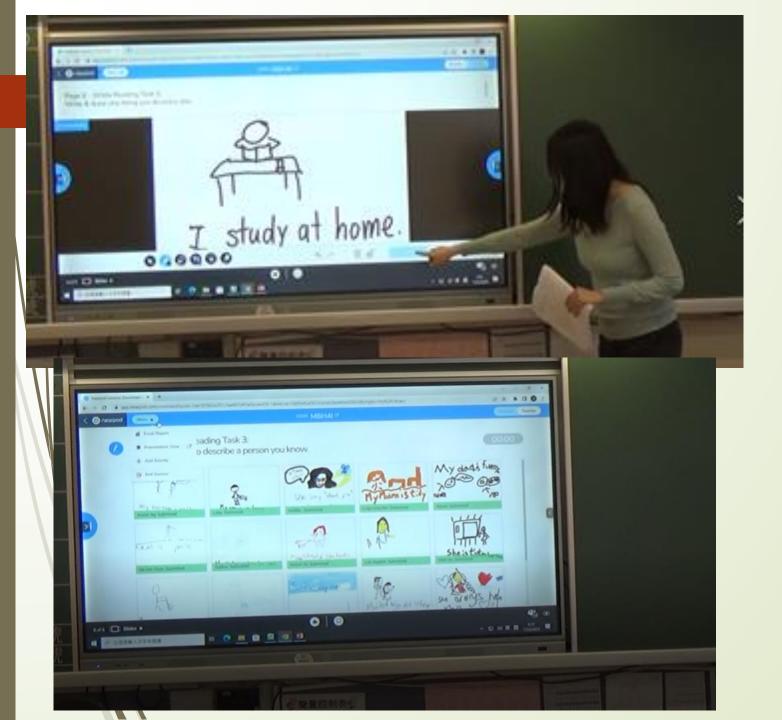
## Features of the project 3. Use of E-learning Tools

Use of E-learning Tools to facilitate learning and teaching

Blooket



Visual aids to help students learn



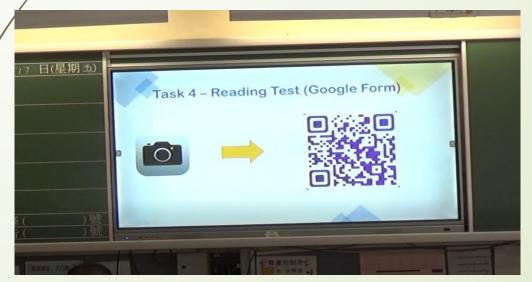
#### Nearpod

Students' answers were displayed clearly to illustrate the target language functions



#### Liveworksheet

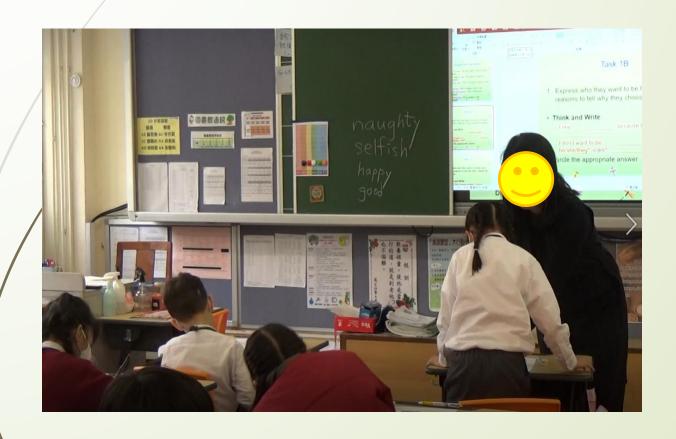
Engaged students in the interactive mode of learning



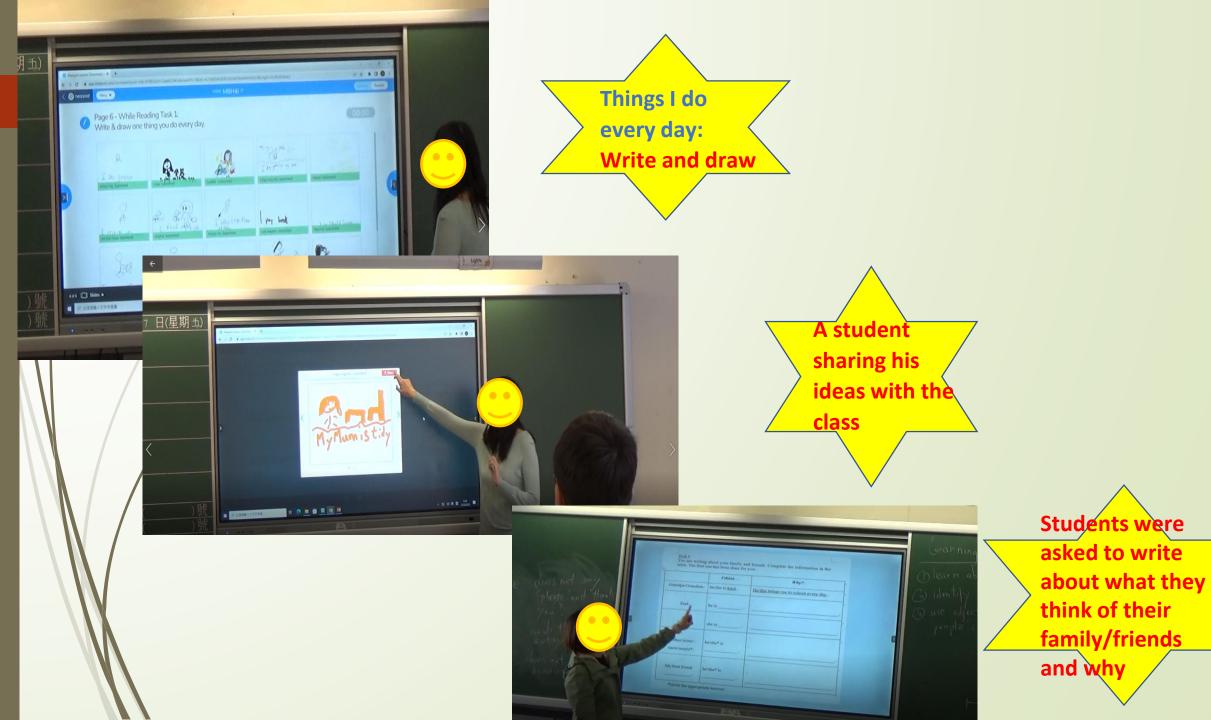
#### Google Form

Efficient: capture students' answers and provide instant feedback

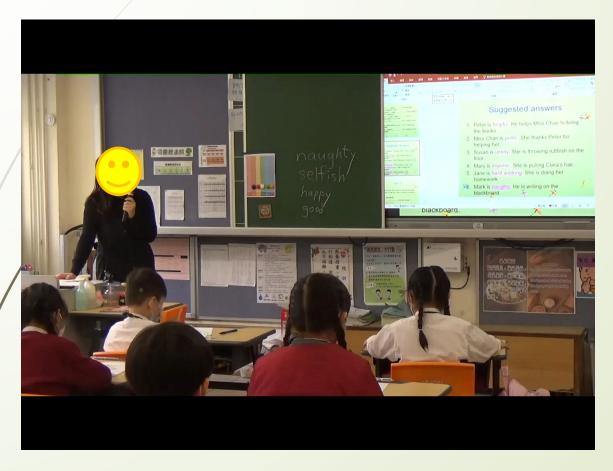
## Features of the project 4. Students Give Own Responses



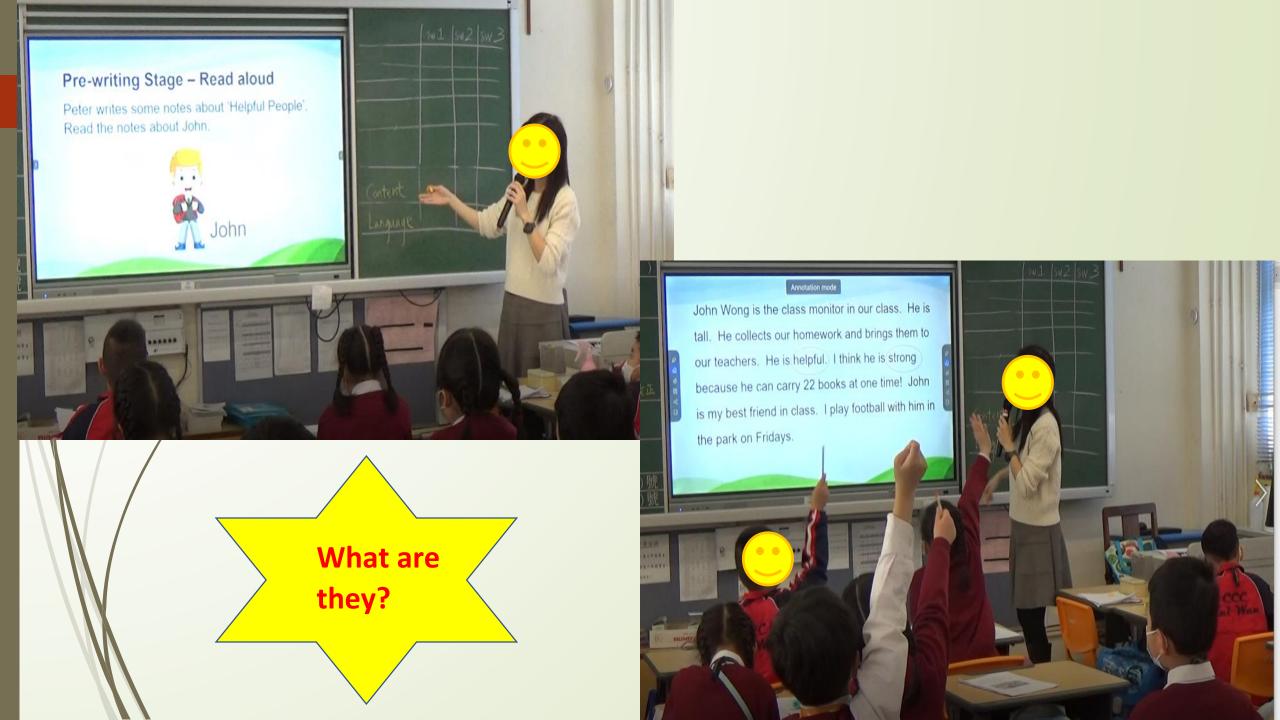
Think and Write: A student sharing her thoughts with the class

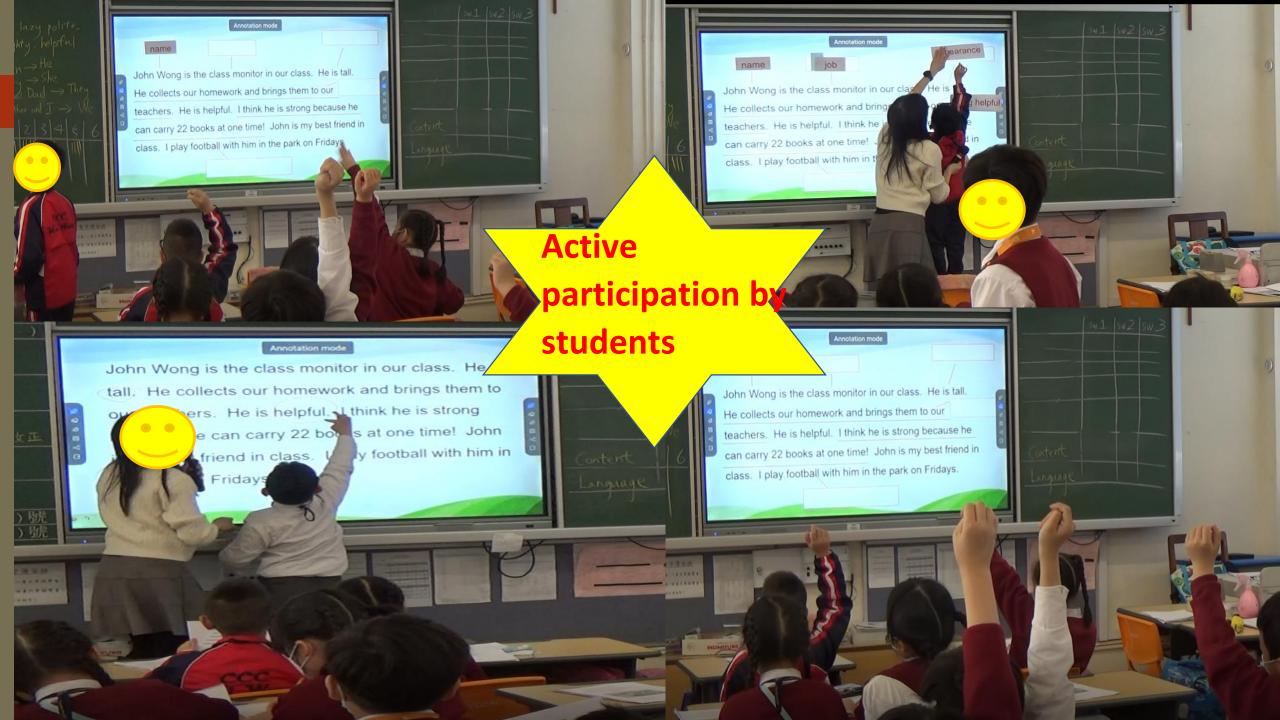


## Features of the project 5. Classroom Activities: Fun and Interactive



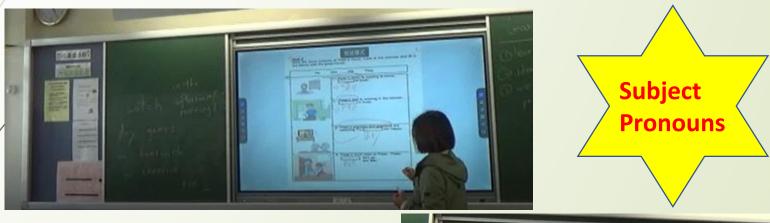


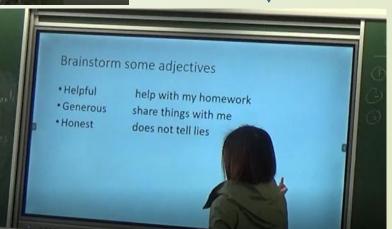




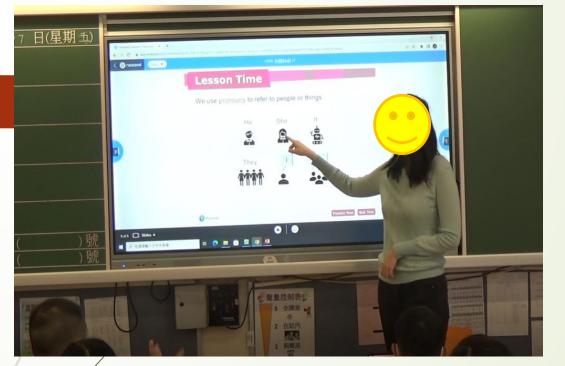
#### Features of the project

### 6. Teaching of target language functions: Adjectives, Pronouns and Simple Present Tense

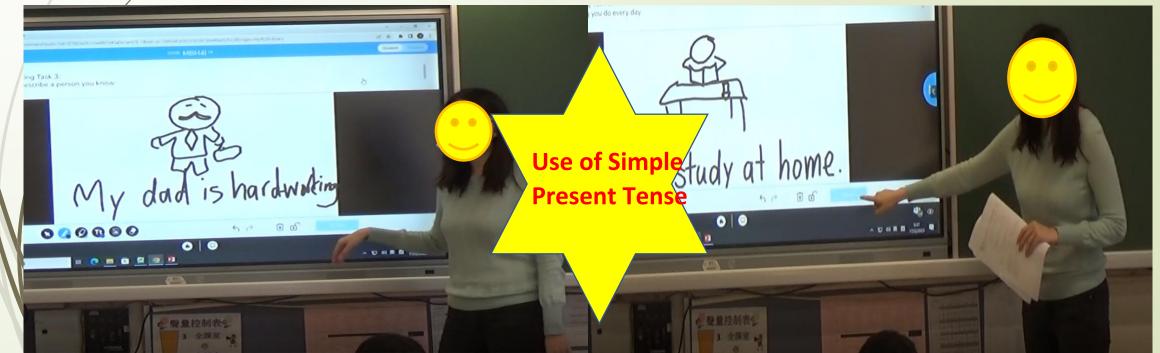




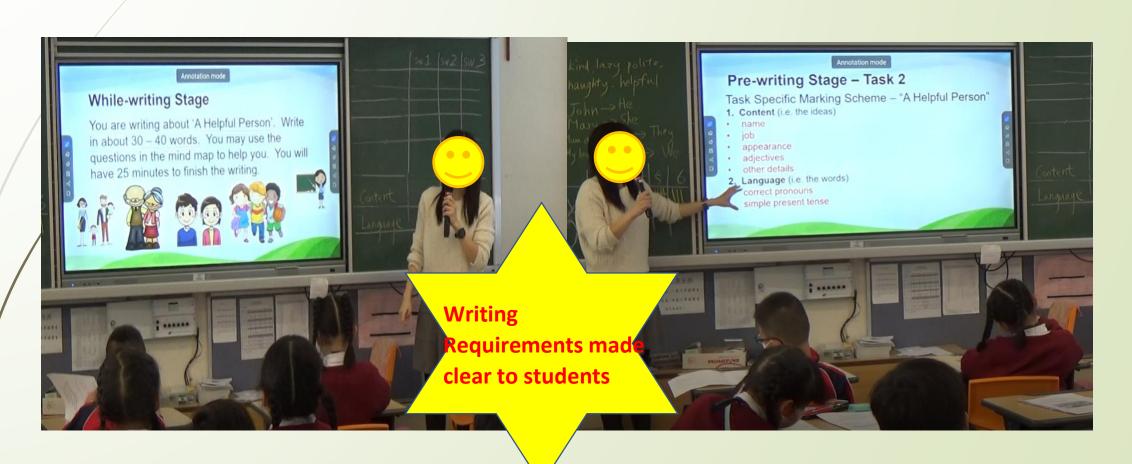


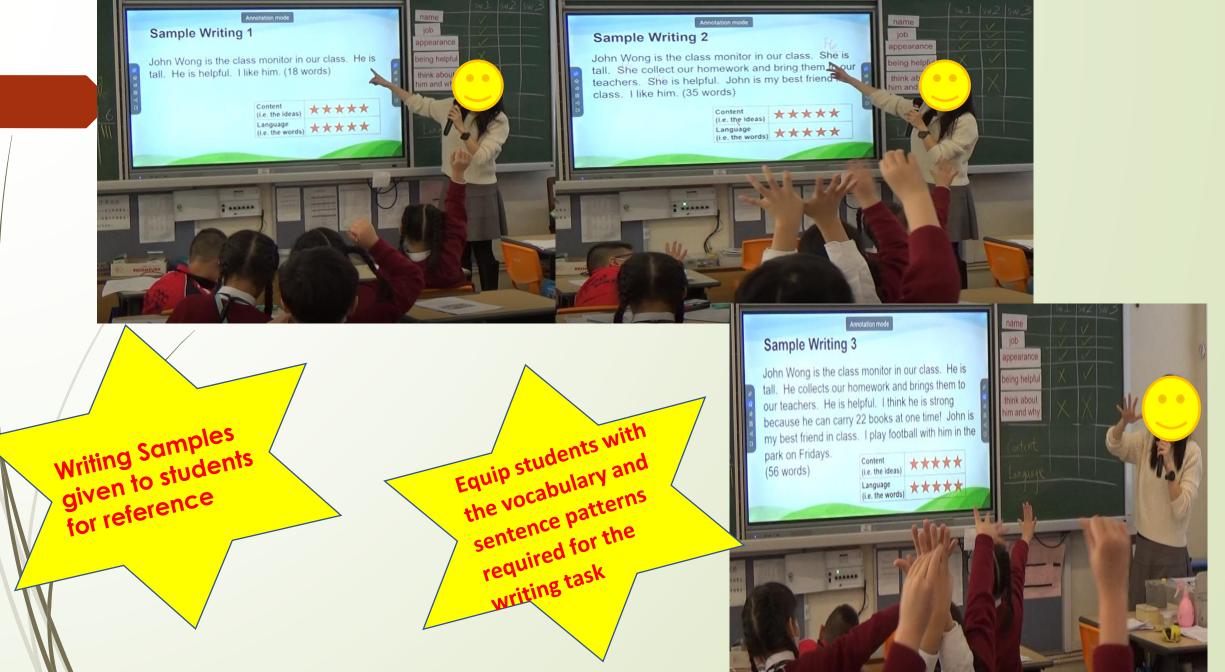






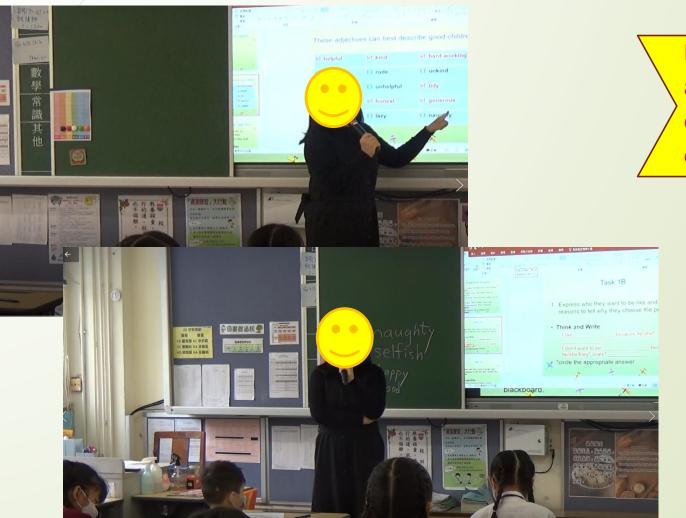
# Features of the project 7. Task Specific Marking Scheme





### Features of the project

8. Value Education Embedded



Brainstorming: adjectives to describe good children

Think and write about why they like good children

## Performance of P.2 Students in the reading assessment

- Students were generally able to
- recognize key words on familiar topics (e.g. countries)
- understand the connection between ideas in the notes using cohesive devices (e.g. and, but)
- 3. understand the connection of ideas by pronoun referencing (e.g. she, they)

# Performance of P.2 Students in the reading assessment

The more able students could recognize key words related to adjectives to describe people

# Performance of P.2 Students in the writing assessment

- Students were generally able to
- understand the task requirements in the writing task
- 2. write about a helpful person based on the question prompts by providing brief and relevant ideas

# Performance of P.2 Students in the writing assessment

- The more able students could
- provide ideas relevant to the topic with some supporting details
- 2. use a small range of vocabulary, sentence patterns and cohesive devices with minor, few or no grammatical and spelling mistakes

### Ways to improve

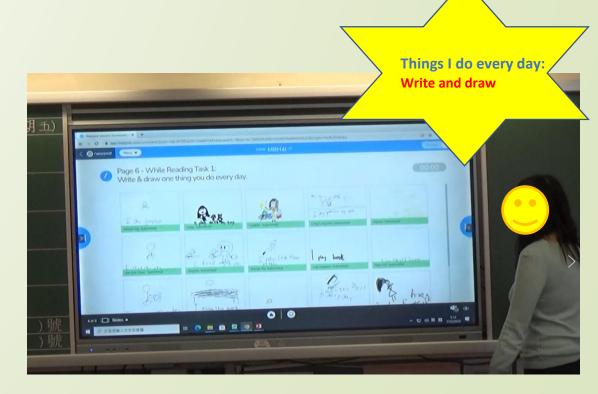
- 1. Students were able to complete the task with the question prompts. Some students need to elaborate the ideas more.
- 2. Students in general used a limited range of vocabulary in their writing. They are encouraged to build up a vocabulary bank.
- 3. Students made some grammatical mistakes in tenses. They also made some spelling mistakes. They are encouraged to check their works everytime.

## Overall evaluation on the package design

 Well-structured & comprehensive: covering the three stages of reading & writing

 Comprised of the essential elements for effective learning and teaching

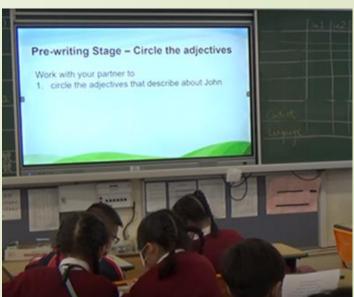
- cooperative learning
- prompt feedback
- student-centered approach



## Overall evaluation on the package design

- Variety of tasks
  - ◆cater to different learning needs and styles of students (e.g. Think and Share, Pai-work, etc.)





#### 1. School

arrange lesson observation and post-evaluation among four classes

#### 2. Curriculum

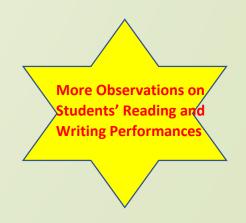
- integrate the latest writing marking scheme in the writing tasks (strengths of the revised marking scheme)
- Value Education

#### 3. Teachers

- gain a better understanding of students' performance and the assessment literacy
- learn how to design effective assessments that allow students to monitor their own progress
- Develop skills to interpret and analyze data, identify areas where students may be struggling and adjust instruction to better meet their need

Pay more attention to the validity and reliability of items





#### 3. Teachers

> Create clear and measurable learning goals for students



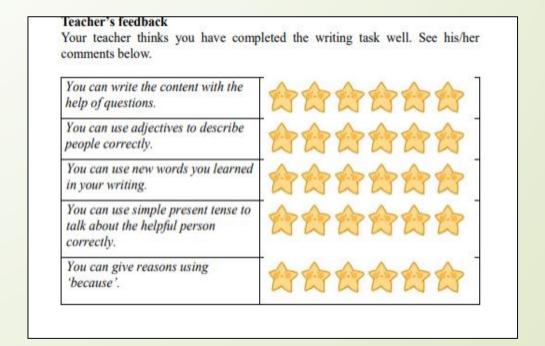


#### 3. Teachers

Use scaffolding techniques to help students move from reading to writing

#### 3. Teachers

Provide specific and timely feedback to students for better performance





#### 4. Students

> increase their awareness of their learning performance

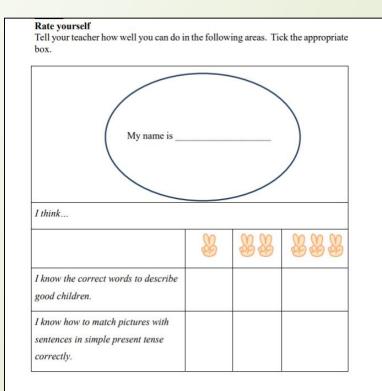
#### Rate Yourself

Which picture in the box below can best describe your understanding of the vocabulary which describe good children? Circle the appropriate picture.

Let's Reflect!			
I know the vocabulary which describe good children.	Fair	Good	Excellent

Please tick the box below to show how well you do in the following areas.

	*	**	***
I know the adjectives to describe people.			
I know the subject pronouns to describe people (e.g. he, she).			
I know how to use simple present tense			



Student's self reflection on their own abilities in learning the target language items at different stages

#### Task 1

In the writing task, how well can you/your classmate teacher by circling the appropriate picture which collassmate.

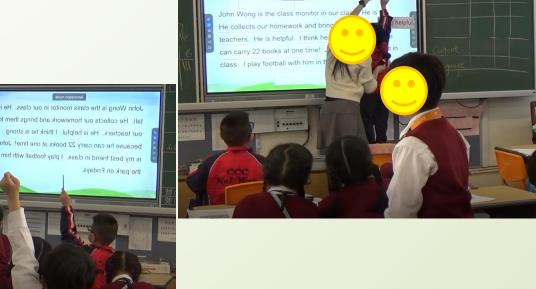
lowing? Tell your describe you/your

	Self-checklist	Peer-checklist
I/You can use adjectives to describe people.	Ø⊕	@@@
I/You can use simple present tense to write sentences correctly.	899	<u> </u>
I/You can give reasons using 'because'.		@@@

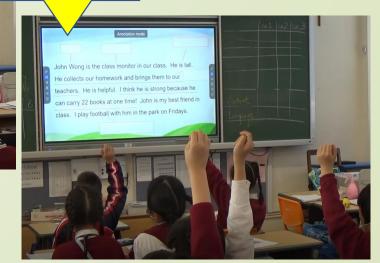
#### 4. Students

> encourage them to take a more active role in their own

learning



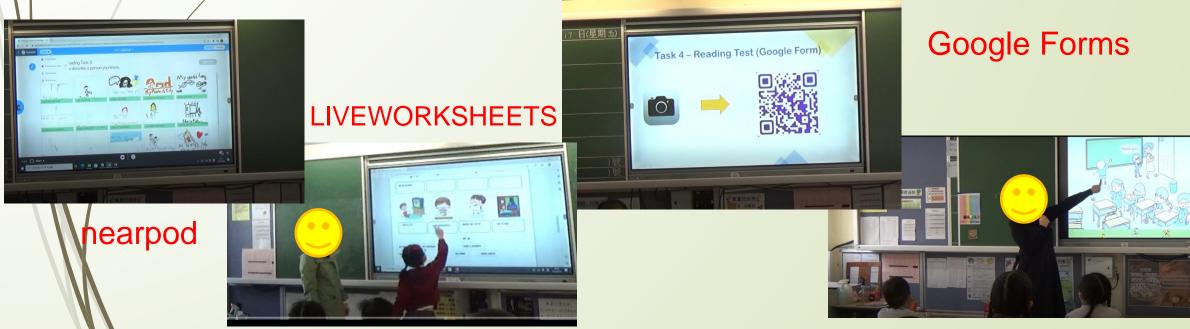
Active participation by students



#### 4. Students

> benefit from e-learning, including increased engagement

and motivation



### Way forward

- Align our teaching with the Learning-Teaching-Assessment (LTA) cycle to design more effective learning materials and assessments that cater for different learning needs and levels of students
- 1. Identify the learning and teaching needs
- 2. Plan and design LTA materials (package)
- 3. Implement the LTA materials
- 4. Assess students' learning
- 5. Evaluate the learning, teaching and assessment cycle through formal assessments and informal assessments

## 1. Identify the learning needs

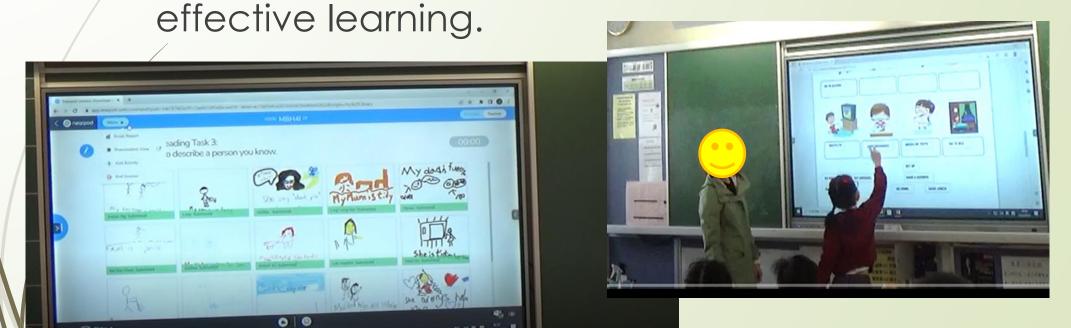
 Use the data from exams, Google Forms, formative assessments, TSA results, classroom observation, etc. to identify students' learning needs.

### 2. Plan and design LTA materials

- Use the package design as a reference to plan lessons and design LTA materials
  - e.g. a reading to writing approach with 7 stages
- Pre-learning Stage
- Pre-reading Stage
- While-reading Stage
- Post-reading Stage
- Pre-writing Stage
- While-writing Stage
- Post-writing Stage

### 3. Implement the LTA materials

 Implement the LTA materials by applying the student-centered approach, cooperative learning, E-learning tools and prompt feedback to promote



#### 4. Assess students' learning

 Before the task, teachers provide a task specific marking scheme for students

Task Specific Marking Scheme - 'A Helpful Person'

Score	Content			
10 – 12	<ul> <li>Provide relevant ideas* to the questions, with many supporting details.</li> <li>The ideas are very clear and coherent.         <ul> <li>*Relevant ideas with supporting details:</li> <li>&gt; Things to do to be helpful: (e.g. He collects our homework and brings them to our teachers. He is helpful.)</li> <li>&gt; Think about the person and why: (e.g. I think he is strong because he can carry 22 books at one time!)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>			
7 – 9	<ul> <li>Provide relevant ideas to the questions, with some supporting details.</li> <li>The ideas are clear and coherent.</li> </ul>			
4 – 6	<ul> <li>Provide brief and relevant ideas to the questions, with almost no supporting details:</li> <li>Name of the helpful person: (e.g. John Wong is the class monitor in our class.)</li> <li>Appearance: (e.g. He is tall.)</li> <li>The ideas are quite clear.</li> </ul>			
1 – 3	Provide some irrelevant ideas to the questions. OR Provide unclear or disconnected ideas which confuse the reader. OR The ideas/responses to the questions are very limited.			
0	Practically make no attempt at all. OR     Provide totally irrelevant/incomprehensible ideas.			

Score	Language				
7 – 8	<ul> <li>Use a range of vocabulary, sentence patterns and cohesive devices* appropriately, with few or no mistakes in grammar, vocabulary, punctuation and spelling.</li> <li>*Sentence patterns, vocabulary and cohesive devices:</li> <li>&gt; simple present tense: (e.g. John Wong is the class monitor in our class.)</li> <li>&gt; vocabulary to describe people: (e.g. He is helpful.)</li> <li>&gt; cohesive devices: (e.g. He collects our homework and brings them to our teachers.)</li> </ul>				
5-6	<ul> <li>Use a small range* of vocabulary, sentence patterns and/or cohesive devices fairly appropriately, with some mistakes in grammar, vocabulary, punctuation and spelling.</li> <li>*able to use the given prompts to write with basic and appropriate sentence patterns</li> </ul>				
3 – 4	Use a limited range of vocabulary and sentence patterns, with quite a lot of mistakes in grammar, vocabulary, punctuation and spelling.				
1-2	<ul> <li>Use a very limited range of vocabulary and sentence patterns, with a lot of mistakes in grammar, vocabulary, punctuation and spelling.</li> </ul>				
0	Make no attempt at all.     Provide totally irrelevant/incomprehensible ideas.				

#### 4. Assess students' learning

- Design different ways to do the evaluation or assessment
- > self-evaluation checklist
- > peer-evaluation checklist
- > teacher's assessment rubrics

#### Rate Yourself

Which picture in the box below can best describe your understanding of the vocabulary which describe good children? Circle the appropriate picture.

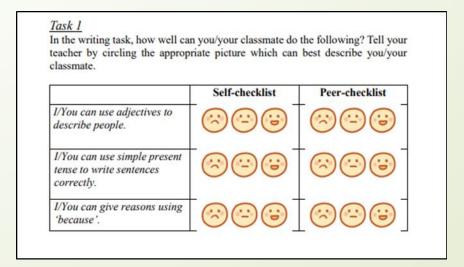
Let's Reflect!						
	Fair	Good	Excellent			
I know the vocabulary which describe good children.		<u>-</u>	<b>3</b>			

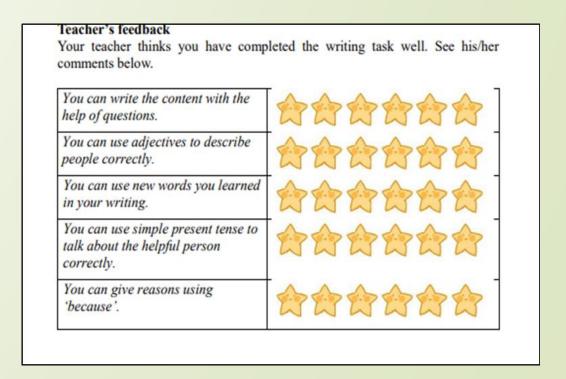
## 

correctly.

# 5. Evaluate the learning, teaching and assessment cycle through formal assessments and informal assessments

- > Peer feedback
- > Teacher's comment





## Thank you