



To thrive in the 21st century, students need more than traditional academic learning. Teaching and learning are no longer the same.

Research indicates that active learning strategies are more effective than traditional passive learning styles (Avila, 2008).









Immersive learning showcases many advantages. One of them is that it improves students' learning effectiveness. Not only do virtual realities allow the possibility of visualising an environment that a human cannot see in real life, but they also create an interactive nature which allows knowledge to spread quickly.











Learning through real life experiences allows students to relate their knowledge to their daily lives. Hence, students can easily assimilate their knowledge and apply what they have learned. Besides, providing different contexts for students lets them know the meanings of the tasks with ease.









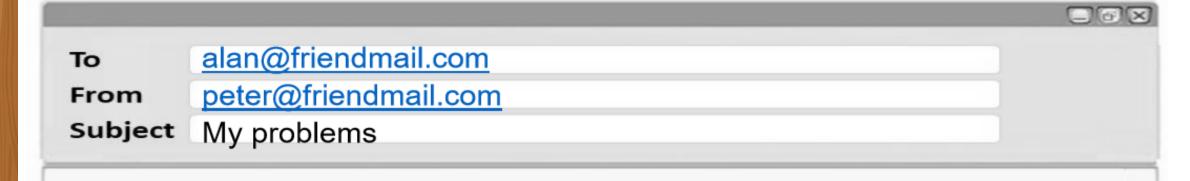








Peter is a new student in Christian Pui Yan Primary School. He has some problems and wants to ask you for advice. Read Peter's email and write a reply to him in about 100 words. You can use the map on P. 2 to help you.



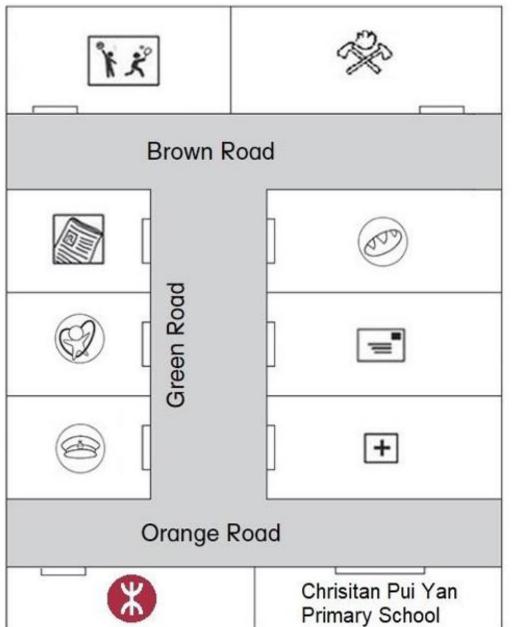
Dear Alan,

I've been in Pui Yan for three weeks and I love this new school! The teachers are very nice to me. However, I have some problems and want to ask you for advice.

First of all, I don't know the places around our school very well. I am often hungry after school and want to buy some bread. Also, I often want to relax for a while after having lessons for a whole day. Maybe I should do some sport after school. Where can I go? How can I go to those places?



### Map of the neighbourhood of Christian Pui Yan Primary School





Secondly, it seems that some classmates don't want to get in a group with me in class or at recess. Some of them say that I'm smelly! How come? I have a shower four times a week and wash my hair twice a week. Also, I change my uniform three times a week and change my socks once a week. I'm not a dirty boy! Can you tell me what to do?

You're my best friend at school. I really hope you can help me. Write back soon.

Best wishes,

Peter



### **Hints for writing**

You can give directions in the following ways.

1. Go out of the MTR station.

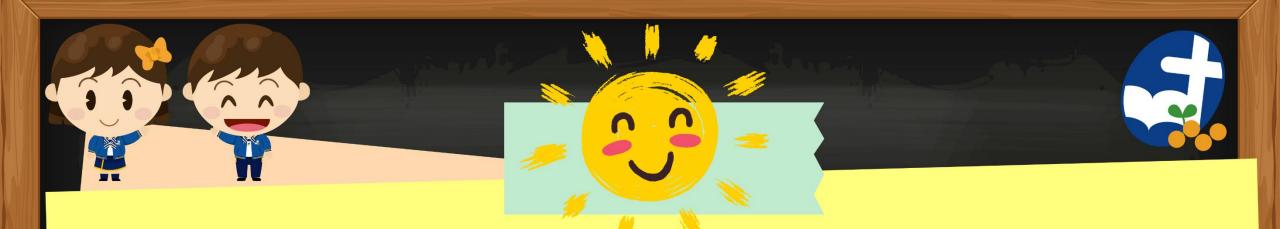


5. The police station is **next to** the fire station.

- 2. Go straight ahead.
- 3. Turn left.
- 4. Turn right.



6. The hospital is **opposite** the sports centre.



#### Use adverbs of frequency to tell how often somebody does something.

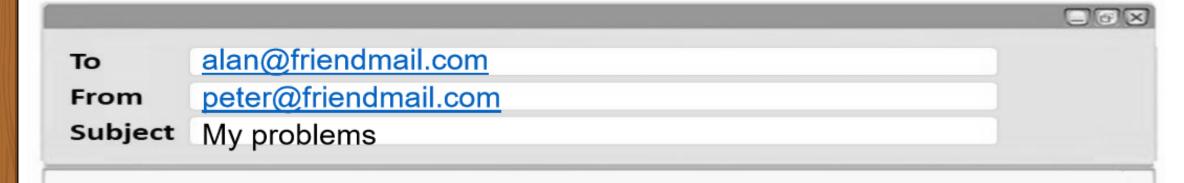
e.g. He changes his uniform <u>twice a week</u>. He cuts his fingernails <u>twice a month</u>.

#### Use 'ought to' to give advice.

e.g. He ought to change his uniform five times a week.

He ought to cut his fingernails four times a month.

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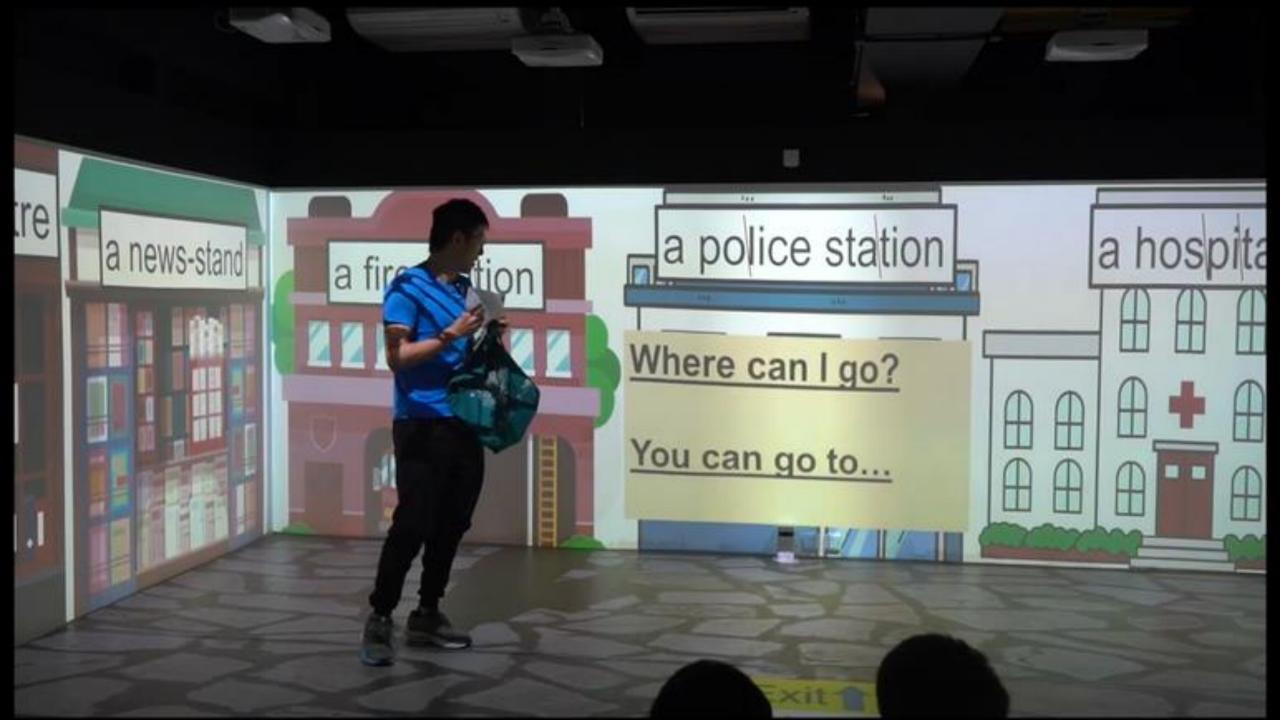


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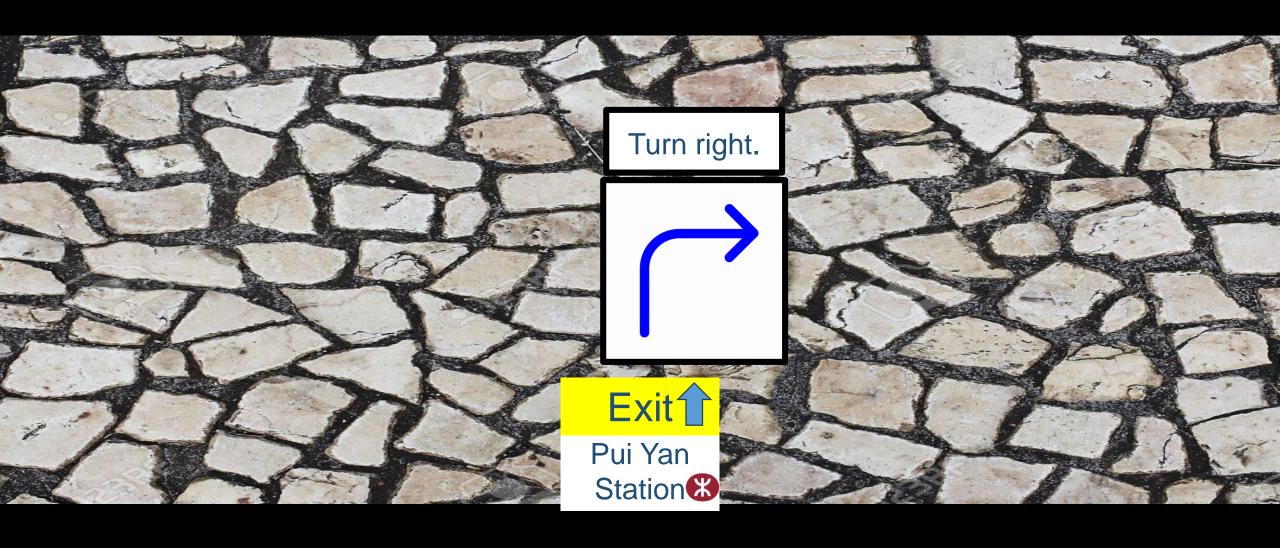


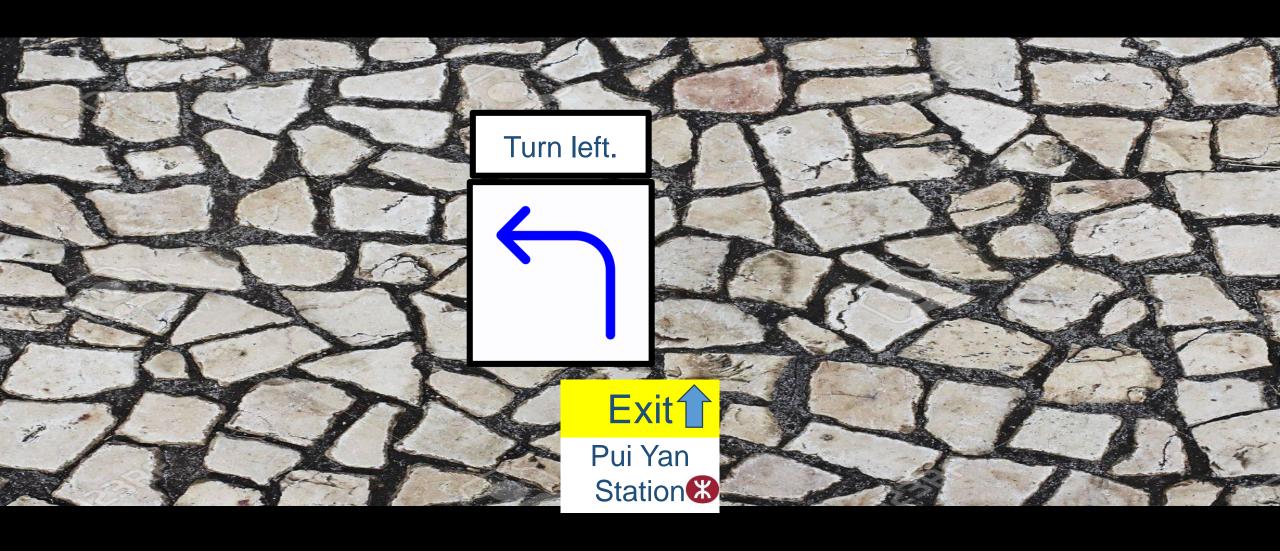


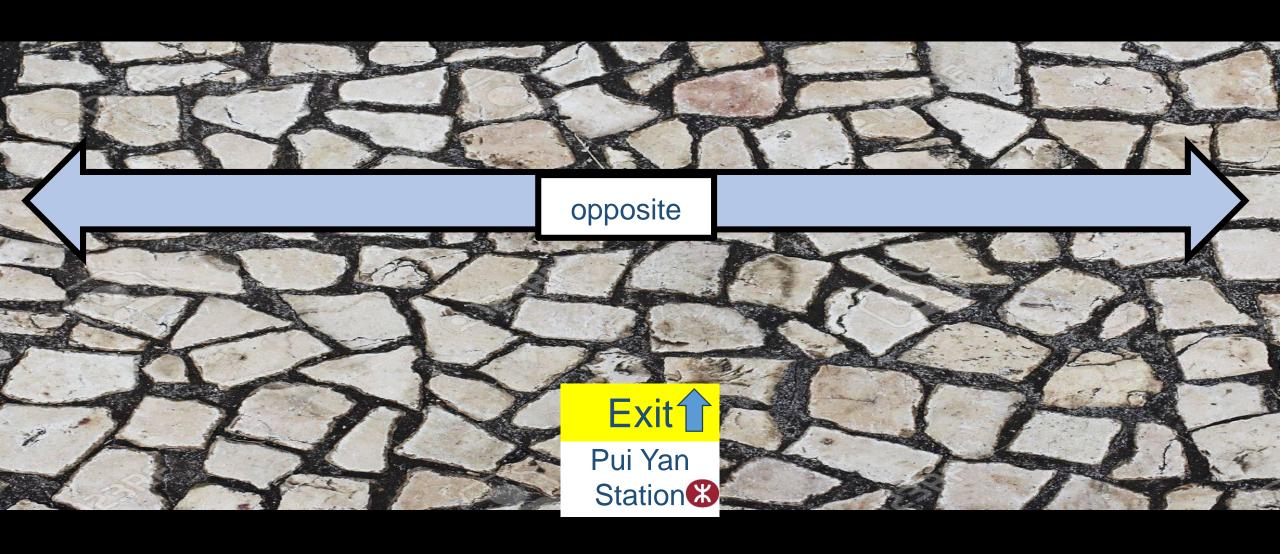


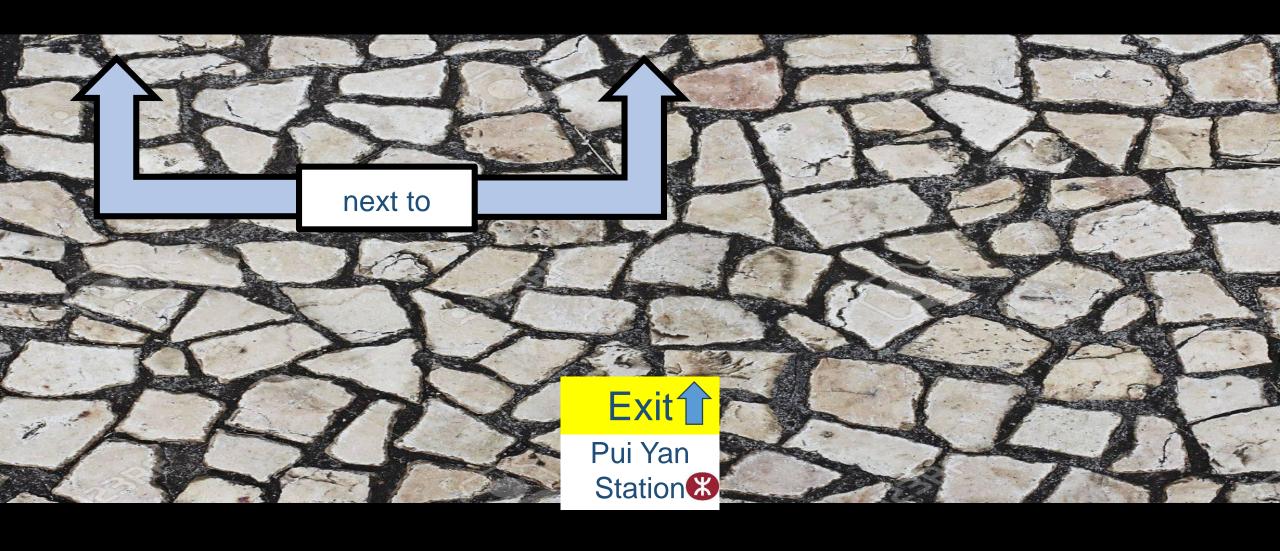






















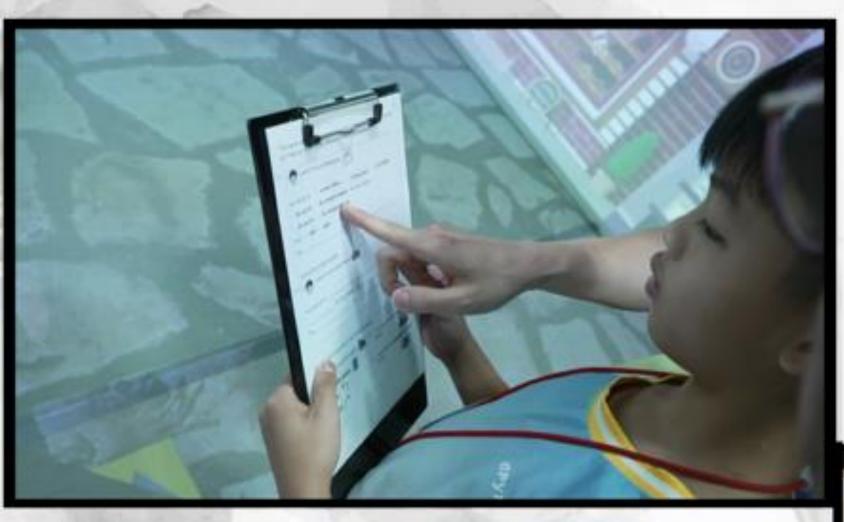
I want to see a fire truck.



You can go to	

\_\_\_\_\_\_ Pui Yan Station. Go \_\_\_\_\_\_. Turn \_\_\_\_\_.

The \_\_\_\_\_ is \_\_\_\_\_



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Tom wants to do different things in the streets near Pui Yan Station. Where can he go? How can he get there? Tell him the places and the directions.



I want to buy a newspaper. Newspaper.



You can go to \* a post office / a news-stand / a fire station

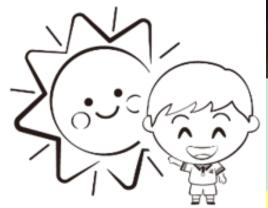
- \* Go out of / Go straight ahead Pui Yan Station.
- \* Go out of. / Go straight ahead.

Turn \* left / right .

The \_\_\_\_\_ is \_\_\_\_

\*Circle the correct answer.







2.
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I want to buy some bread.

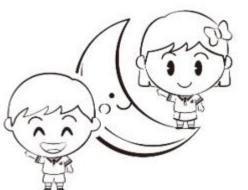


You can go to	
_	

\_\_\_\_\_ Pui Yan Station. Go \_\_\_\_\_\_. Turn \_\_\_\_.

The \_\_\_\_\_\_ is \_\_\_\_\_\_.







Tom wants to do different things in the streets near Pui Yan Station. Where can he go? How can he get there? Tell him the places and the directions.



I want to ask questions about my homework.

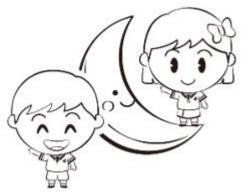


You can go to \_\_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_\_\_ Pui Yan Station. Turn \_\_\_\_. Go \_\_\_\_.

The \_\_\_\_\_ is \_\_\_\_\_







2.	00
	-

I want to send a letter.



You can go to	

\_\_\_\_\_ Pui Yan Station. Turn \_\_\_\_. Go \_\_\_\_

Turn \_\_\_\_\_. Go \_\_\_\_\_\_.

The \_\_\_\_\_ is \_\_\_\_\_



Tom wants to do different things in the streets near Pui Yan Station. Where can he go? How can he get there? Tell him the places and the directions.

1. I want to buy a bo	ottle of shampoo.	
You can go to		•
F	Pui Yan Station.	
The	is	







2.
----

I want to play basketball.

You can go to \_\_\_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_\_\_ Pui Yan Station. \_\_\_\_\_

The \_\_\_\_\_ is \_\_\_\_\_



Tom wants to do different things in the streets near Pui Yan Station. Where can he go? How can he get there? Tell him the places and the directions.

You can go to	* a post office / a news	stand /	a fire station
Go out of	Go straight ahead Pul Yan 1	Station.	
Go out of.	Go straight ahead.		
Turn * left /	right .		
The	is		
And the second section of the second	ot answer.		
2. 👧 I want to	ct answer. o buy some bread.		
Z.  I want to	ct answer.		Turn
Z. f want to You can go to _	ot answer, o buy some bread.		
Z 👧 I want to You can go to _	ct answer, b buy some bread.		

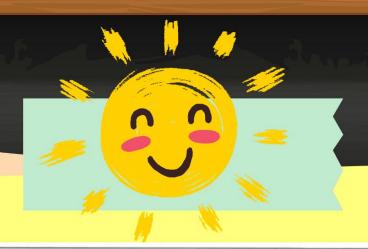
Go straight shead.
 Turn left.

4. Turn right,



The hospital is opposite the sports centre.







2.

I want to buy some bread.



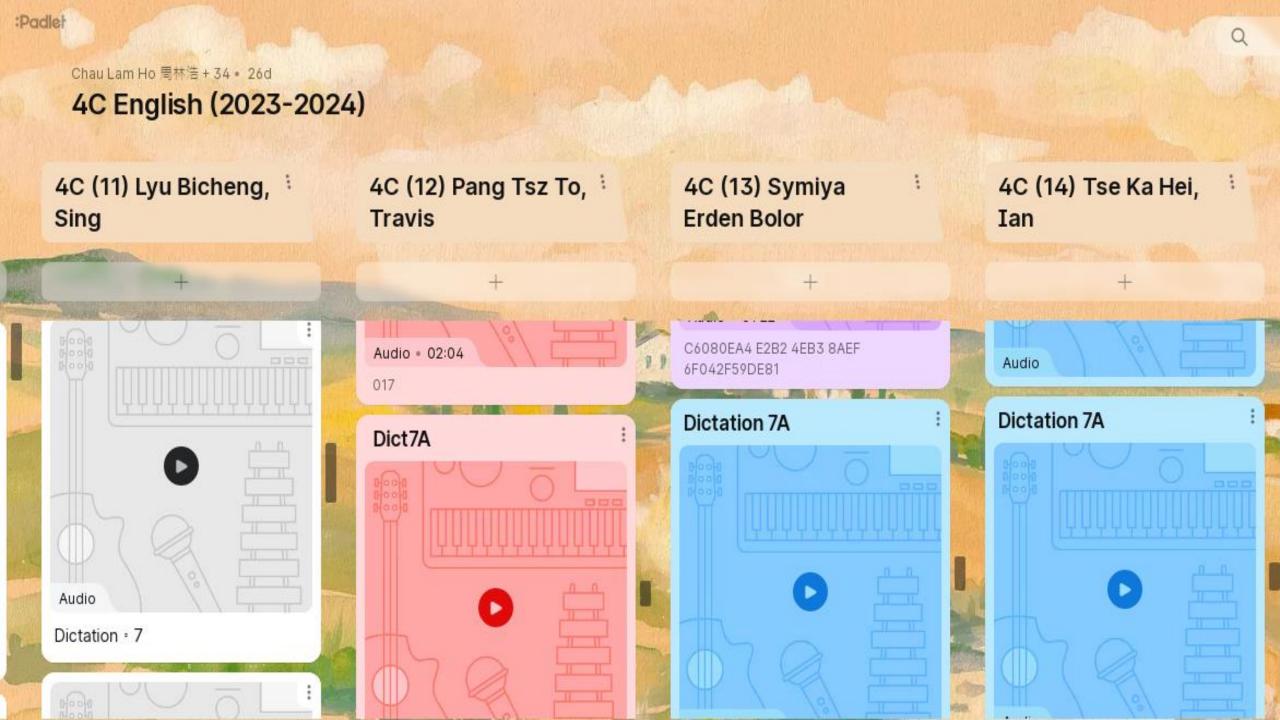
You can go to a bakery

Go out of Pui Yan Station. Go Stronight ahead . Turn right.

The bakery is next to the hospital









# **Dictation 8**.

Part A: Vocabulary (30 marks, 3 marks@).

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1. a post office	9. a department store
2. a police station	10.a news-stand
3. a fire station	11.a learning centre
4. a hospital	12.a sports centre
5. a clinic	13.a car park
6. a ba <mark>ke</mark> ry.	14.a gift shop.
7. a convenience store	15.a market
8. a health and beauty store	16.a shopping centre
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## Part B: Passage (60 marks, 2 marks@).

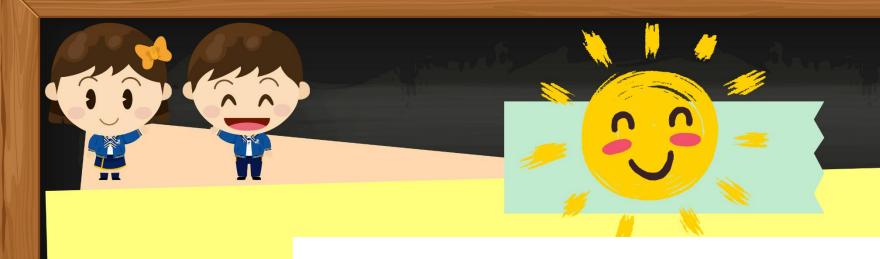
I live in Sha Tin with my grand mother, parents and brother. I live in a housing estate.

There are a lot of facilities in my neighbourhood. There is a train station near my home. There are two supermarkets and a wet market, so it is convenient for my family's helper to buy food. There are a lot of learning centres. I go to one of them to have dancing lessons every Thursday. There is a big shopping centre too. My family and I usually go shopping and have dinner there on Sundays.

# Dictation 8

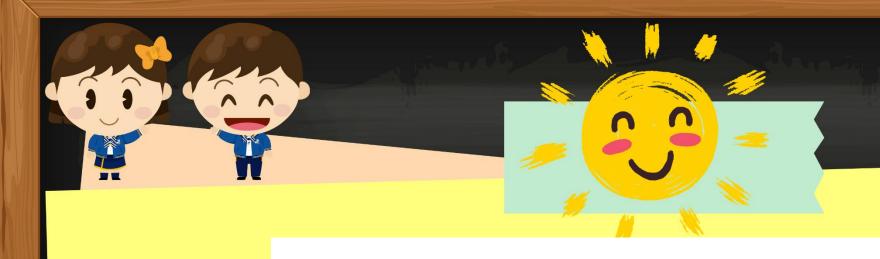
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# Student A's recording





# Student B's recording

